Percy: Ball is in Arab court now

ATHENS (A.P.) — U.S. Sen. Charles Percy, making a stopover Monday in Greece, said the Arab countries should now take the initiative for peace in the Middle East." I call on the Arab World to be creative and take the initiative. The ball is in their court now," Mr. Percy, chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, told reporters at Athens airport. Mr. Percy stopped to change planes on his way home from a two-week private visit to Cyprus. He said President Ronald Reagan's new Middle East peace plan "doesn't contradict the Camp David accords," and urged Israel to abandon its intention of setting up more settlements in the occupied West Bank. "The Israeli attitude is not acceptable," he said. "The continuing settlements on the West Bank are a signal to the world that Israel doesn't mean to give up any part of the West Bank."

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Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Sandi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

Palestinian youth killed in W. Bank

the brain. arial La

hand the TEL AVIV (R) — Israeli troops to half the short and killed a Palestinian street an Israeli bus came youth after an Israeli bus came the machine-gun fire in the coupled West Bank Monday, Arab sources said. The bus trawelling from Tel Aviv to the Jordan Valley came under fire as it was passing through the Arab vilwas passing through the Arab village of Balaa, but no one was hit.
The sources said the incident was particularly alarming because an Israeli-made Uzi machine-gun had been used. In the past, similar attacks have generally been conattacks have generally occur on fined to throwing petrol bombs and stones and planting exp-CT IIII bosives.

Last PLO group ujaheden arrives in Sana'a

SANA'A (R) — Some 1,000 Paltumultuous welcome when they arrived in North Yemen by sea from Beirut Monday. Thousands * ... of people shouted slogans, such as Revolution, revolution till victory," as senior government lea-ders hugged the fighters after they disembarked from two Greek ships at the Red Sea port of Al Kathib. The fighters, who were later taken by bus to Sana'a, included an unspecified number of North Yemeni volunteers who had fought with Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) men 1111 hald against Israeli forces in Lebanon.

Habib urgently strengt called to Washington

PARIS (A.P.) — U.S. special envoy Philip Habib bas been "urgently" called back to Washington immediately and will not make a scheduled stopover in Paris, the French Foreign Ministry said Monday. Mr. Habib left Beiwithdrawal of Palestinian forces from west Beirut. .

Iran urges Arabs to reject U.S. plan

LONDON (R) - Iran has urged Arab leaders to reject President Reagan's new Middle East peace plan at their summit opening in the Moroccan city of Fez Monday, Tehran Radio said, Hojatoleslam Moussavi Kho'ini, a member of the Majlis (parliament) leading Iranian Muslim pilgrims to holy places in Saudi Arabia, issued a statement in Mecca denouncing the U.S. proposals as "an insult to God's messenger and world Mus-lims," and said the Muslim Iranian

Lebanon needs \$10b to rebuild economy

over the next few years to febuild its war-shattered economy, a senior Lebanese central banker said Monday. "Lebanon by itself cannot cope with this." Nassim Saliba, an adviser to the governor of the Bank of Lebanon told Reu-ters. The Lebanese government would have to seek funds from other Arab countries, from the World Bank and elsewhere, he said. Mr. Saliba estimated that rebuilding the Lebanese economy could take four to five years.

cargo ship sank in the Arabian Gulfon Saturday after it was hit by Iraqi missile fire, the Foreign Ministry disclosed Monday. Three crew members were killed, the ministry said, and the 27 survivors were taken to Tehran aboard a special plane sent by Iran. A Foreign Ministry announcement said the ship, Mar Transporter, caught fire when it was hit in the engine room near the Iran's Bandar Khomeini port east of the Shatt Al Arab waterway. The ann-ouncement refrained from blaming Iraq, saying that Iraq had announced that the waters were dangerous for commercial traffic in an Aug. 12 notice.

FAULTY JUDGMENT ENDS IN TRAGEDY: A woman died and another was seriously wounded as a result of a car accident on the Amman-Na'our road Monday morning. At 6:30 on Monday a tipper-truck (left) coming from Na'our to Amman collided with a private automobile driven by a 28year-old lady with another 36-year-old lady passenger. The private automobile (right) driver tried to overtake the tippertruck in front of her, but miscalculated the distance and hit the

tipper, went astray to the left to find in front of her another tipper to collide with, police said. The driver of the car died immediately and her co-passenger was hospitalised with serious injuries. Public Security Directorate officials said the accident was due to overtaking. The officials appealed to drivers to abide by the traffic signs on highways and not to make wrong overtaking (J.T.).

U.S.: Israel undermines Mideast peace plan

WASHINGTON (R) — The United States has denounced Israel's plan to establish new settlements in the occupied territories, saying it regards the move as a direct attempt to undermine President Reagan's Middle East peace ini-

It was not clear what concrete steps the administration might take to face this latest challenge to its policies. But the Israeli move seemed certain to heighten the tense relations between Prime Minister Menachem Begin's gov-

ernment and Washington. Secretary of State George Shultz Sunday ruled out any threat to cut off aid to Israel as a means of pressing it into accepting Mr. Reagan's plan. The president's proposals call for a freeze on Israeli settlements in the West Bank and Gaza Strip and Palestinian self-government there in association with Jordan.

But Mr. Shultz indicated shipments of F-16 fighters to Israel could be held up even longer. Sunday's decision to set up four

new settlements was a major new rebuff to the Reagan administration and came only three days after the Israeli cabinet's categoric rejection of the president's

Within hours of the Israeli announcement, the White House condemned the "incomprehensibility" of the Israeli

It said it not only eroded the confidence of all at a time when progress in peace moves seemed possible, but also cast doubt on earlier Israeli commitments to United Nations resolutions on the

Middle East.

Mr. Sbultz called the move "a most unwelcomed development." President Reagan, who when he assumed the presidency was widcly regarded as one of the "greatest friends" Israel has bad in the White House, bas seen himself increasingly at odds with Mr.

Begin in the past 14 months. delayed delivery of planes following Israel's hombing of an

Iraqi nuclear reactor near Bagbdad and other hombing raids in

Last December he suspended a military cooperation agreement following Israel's annexation of the occupied Syrian Golan Hei-

During the recent fighting in Lebanon, be suspended the supply of cluster hombs and held up formal notification to Congress for the supply of 75 F-16s to Israel.

But the latest Israeli move seemed the most direct challenge yet to the president and if, as Mr. Shultz said, the administration In June, 1981, the president was not planning outright san-

(Continued on page 3)

'Home Army' holds 9 hostages, demands Warsaw end martial law

Armed men take over Polish embassy in Berne

BERNE (R) — Armed men declaring opposition to Poland's military government occupied the Polish embassy in Berne Monday. took nine diplomats hostage and threatened to blow up the building within 48 bours, Swiss officials

said.
Swiss Radio reported that shots were fired. But police said that, although some loud noises were heard from the building, there was

The occupiers, described as between two and five in number, threw a message out of an embassy criminal act.

ability of the world banking sys-tem kept investors bidding for

Gold prices went as high as

Financial markets in Europe

no confirmation of any shooting.

window demanding an end to mar-. tial law in Poland and the release of political prisoners by the military government there. They said they belonged to a

Polish "Home Army-Front of National Liberation," recalling a similarly named force which staged an ill-fated uprising against the German occupying army in Warsaw in 1944.

The Swiss government, which passed the occupiers' demands to the Polish government, condemned the embassy seizure as a

and International Monetary Fund

International financial leaders

are discussing what steps to take to

head off a failure by any number

of sovereign buyers to pay back

their loans, a problem given a new

sense of urgency by disclosures from Mexico and Argentina over

the past week that they are having

serious trouble in meeting rep-

Gold has surged from a two-

year low of \$296 in June and on

Friday jumped \$42.75 to \$474 an

ounce for one of its best one-day

performances ever, after Mexico

announced that it was nat-

ayment deadlines.

meetings.

A special group of senior Swiss officials led by Justice Minister Kurt Furgler took charge of the situation, and armed police threw a cordon round the building.

Apart from the end of martial law and release of prisoners, the message thrown from the window and written in Polish demanded that prison camps in Poland be broken up and "repression" against the Polish people be stopped.

By late afternoon, no reply had been received from the Polish government, and nfficials said the Swiss authorities were planning

action by security forces which they declined to specify. The occupiers strolled casually

and virtually unnoticed into the building Monday morning. A neighbouring dentist told Reuters one of his patients saw

three men lying down in a car parked outside the building shortly

"Then suddenly police were all over the place," he said. The first demands were tel-

ephoned to police by a man who spoke German with an accent.

Cairo attacks Israeli decision on settlements CAIRO (A.P.) - The Egyptian

government Monday condemned Israeli plans to erect seven new settlements on the occupied West Bank and called on the international community to oppose the decision. A statement released by a For-

eign Ministry official discribed the Israeli decision, which was armounced Sunday, as an example of Israel's record of "breaking resolutions and the Charter of the United Nations and rules of intemational law." "Egypt strongly condemns this

policy and the Israeli continuation in declaring establishment of settlements and calls on the whole international community" to oppose the decision, the statement

Israel announced the new settlements following President Reagan's new Middle East peace initiative, which calls among other things for a freeze on Jewish settiements in the West Bank and Gaza Strip. Defence Minister Field Marshal

Abdul Halim Abn Ghazala was later quoted as saying Egypt con-demned the "principle of building new settlements on the West Bank and Gaza." The Middle East News agency

quoted Field Marshal Abu Ghazala as rejecting Israel's explanation that the settlements would "insure its security."
"Any country can say this kind

of talk and threaten other countries under these allegations, I think that bringing peace to the area will provide security to evervone." he said.

Fez summit to consider Arab plan

FEZ, Morocco (Agencies) — Arab states have drawn up a last-minute Middle East peace plan to be presented at the Arab summit opening here Monday night, senior Arab officials said.

ablishment of a Palestinian state a 28-item agenda. and proposes that the United Nations Security Council guarantee under seven main headings: 'the security and integrity of states in the region."

The officials said it replaces a Saudi Arabian proposal that implicitly called for the recognition of

Unlike the Saudi plan, which was opposed by some Arab states, the new plan states that the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) must be associated with the peace process.

The officials said the plan was the work of Saudi Arabia and Tunisia-which had also put forward its own proposals based on the 1947 U.N. partition plan for the last of the expected leaders to

The plan calls for the est- (MAP) said the summit will tackle

MAP said the talks would fall --Israeli aggression against Lebanon and the Palestinian people; -An eight-point Saudi plan for

peace in the Middle East; -A plan put forward by Tunisian Israel within its pre-1967 borders. President Habib Bourguiba to solve the Palestinian question; -The Gulf war and the Arab pos-

Africa:

dquarters for the Arab League: tlement of inter-Arab conflicts.

ition on the conflict; -The situation in the Horn of -The construction of a new hea-

-Arab solidarity and the set-PLO leader Yasser Arafat was

FEZ, Morocco (Agencies) — King Hassan of Morocco Monday formally opened the reconvened session of the 12th Arab summit in this ancient Moroccan capital.

Fez summit formally opened

In his opening speech, King Hassan warmly welcomed the Arab heads of states assembled here to formulate a joint strategy in the aftermath of the Israeli invasion of Lebanon and the Palestinian withdrawal from Beirut, and praised the "heroic" resistance put up by Palestinian forces in Lebanon against the invading Israeli forces.

Immediately after the opening speech, the Moroccan king said all sessions of the summit will be beld behind closed doors and asked newsmen to leave the summit conference hall.

British-ruled Palestine--and had already received support from most Arab states.

The officials said they hoped the draft would be adopted as an Arab plan by the three-day summit with the backing of Syria and the PLO.

The plan calls for Arab acceptance of the 1947 U.N. resolution, which proposes the creation of a Jewish and an Arab state in Palestine, as the basis of a solution to the Palestinian issue.

The plan also suggests that after Israeli withdrawal from the occunied territories, including East Jerusalem, these be placed under a temporary United Nations man-

The Moroccan news agency Ramadan.

arrive. He came from Tunis, where he presided at a meeting of the PLO Executive Committee called to discuss the Reagan initiative and other peace plans to come before the summit.

The Palestinian leader received an exceptionally warm welcome from King Hassan and the other Arab leaders. It was his first meeting with any of them since the Israeli siege of Beirut.

Iraqi President Saddam 'Hussein arrived unannounced bere Monday to attend the summit.

President Hussein was not expected here after the arrival of an Iraqi delegation Sunday, headed by Vice-President Taha Yassin

Israel says Reagan plan impedes 'autonomy' talks

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — Israel said Monday that President Reagan's latest peace proposals made an early resumption of talks on Palestinian "autonomy" impossible. The new Israeli position was

announced by government off-icials less than a week after Prime Minister Manachem Begin said his country would approach Egypt to arrange a swift resumption of the "autonomy" talks which have been deadlocked since last year. Israel has angrily rejected Pre-

sident Reagan's formula for solving the Palestinian problem through self-government in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip in association with Jordan.

The hardline administration of Mr. Begin also turned down the American call for a freeze on settlements in the occupied territories and Sunday ordered the establishment of seven new Jewish outposts in the West Bank and "President Reagan's statement

torpedoed our initiative to revive the autonomy talks soon and our intentions to offer slightly more flexible proposals on the subject," Another official said: "The pre-

sident's plan complicates and makes more difficult the efforts to resume the negotiations. Some

(Continued nn page 3)

Sarkis, envoys discuss role

King holds intensive discussions in Morocco

FEZ (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein received at his residence in Fez on Monday member of the Iraqi Revolution Command Council (RCC), first deputy prime minister and chairman of the Iraqi delegation to the Fez summit, Taha Yassin Ramadan.

They discussed the agenda of the summit and the ways "guaranteeing the accomplishment of positive results serving the Arab Nation's issues."

The meeting was attended from the Jordanian side by Prime Minister Mudar Badran, Royal Court Chief Ahmad Al Lawzi, Occupied Territories Affairs Minister Hassan Ibrahim and Foreign Minister Marwan Al Qasem.

It was attended from the Iraqi side by RCC member and Deputy Prime Minister Tareq Aziz, National Assembly Speaker Na'im Haddad and Foreign Minister Sa'doun Hammadi.

King Hussein had intensive consultations with King Fahd of Saudi Arabia and King Hassan II of Morocco on Sunday night. The three leaders held a meeting which continued until the early hours of Monday.

The three leaders discussed all aspects of the Arab situation and the topics to be discussed at the summit conference and affirmed that a proper climate should be created to make the summit a suc-

Moscow launches fierce attack on U.S. plan

MOSCOW (R) - Moscow has fiercely denounced President Reagan's new Middle East peace plan and said it would ultimately lead to more tension and bloodshed in the region.

In the first detailed Soviet response to the president's initiative, the party daily Pravda Monday also accused Mr. Reagan of taking a cynical attitude towards the recent bloodshed in Lebanon and trying to capitalise on it to further U.S. power. Pravda said Mr. Reagan's new

proposals were unacceptable as a basis for a settlement because they failed to grant real independence to the Palestinians within their own state.

The president's plan calls for a freeze on Israeli settlements in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip and Palestinian selfgovernment there in association with Jordan. "As a matter of fact, Was-

hington's 'new' proposals preprogramme a further worsening of relations between the various peoples and new, bloody conflicts. They are aimed at consolidating American-Israeli rule," the daily The unsigned commentary was

also carried in full by the official news agency TASS, making clear it was the formal Soviet answer to Mr. Reagan's plan, which he announced last Wednesday.

(Continued on page 3)

Explosion injures 6 Israelis

TEL AVIV (A.P.) — Six Israeli soldiers were injured when the truck in which they were travelling blew up in flames near Tyre in South Lebanon, Israel Radio said Monday.

The radio said the incident occurred when a smoke bomb being carried by one of the soldiers blew up, causing band grenades and other equipment to explode for over an hour.

Ambulances of the United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon (UNIFIL) took the injured to a hospital in the northern Israel town of Nahariya, the radio said.

of multinational peace force BEIRUT (R) — Lebancse President Elias Sarkis conferred Monday with the French, Italian

and United States ambassadors on the role of the multinational force in Lebanon following the evacuation of Palestinian forces. The three countries contributed

2.100 men to the force supervising the evacuation of more than 13,000 Palestinian fighters and Syrian troops from Israclibesieged west Beirut in a 12-day operation which ended last week.

After the bour-long meeting, U.S. Ambassador Robert Dillon told reporters the four had discussed the programme of the:

force, and President Sarkis would talk it over further with the Lebanese cabinet.

Asked about reports that the 800-strong contingent of U.S. Marines would leave next weekend, he said: "I did not discuss precisely the date of the withdrawal of this force.

"We came to Lebanon at the invitation of (the Lebanese) government, which will study the subject, and we will leave at the time which the Lebanese government programme fixes."

The multinational force began

(Continued on page 3)

nation... expects the conference to reject this plan, otherwise it will Gold, silver touch '82 highs consider any action to foil this American-batched plot," the message read on Tehran Radio LONDON (R) — Gold and silver prices touched new 1982 highs Monday as doubts about the dur-

precious metals as a hedge against financial disaster. TORONTO (R) — Lebanon is likely to need at least \$10 Milion \$466.50 an ounce in London at one point and silver prices topped \$9 an ounce, the highest levels for both metals in nearly a year. Dealers later fixed the gold price at \$474 and silver prices also eased. and Asia were described as jittery, with U.S. markets closed for the Labour Day holiday and finance

Turkey confirms loss of ship in Gulf

ANKARA (A.P.) — A Turkish

ministers and top bankers in Torionalising its banks to halt a flight onto for the annual World Bank Washington seeks way out of sanctions stalemate

TORONTO (R) — U.S. Treasury Secretary Donald Regan said Monday the Reagan administration might be willing to reconsider its controversial Soviet gas pipeline sanctions if West European countries could find a way

to resolve the dispute. Noting that West European officials met in London last week to discuss the pipeline issue, Mr.

Regan told a press briefing:
"We would welcome any such approach that other nations might have toward a settlement of these problems." "If indeed they (possible Eur-

opean solutions) are worthwhile and substantial, then we might want to consider the repercussions of what we are doing," he added. He said the Europeans had exp-

ressed their regret at the sanctions

President Reagan first announced last December and then expanded

Mr. Regan said he tried to explain the president's reasoning which was that the sanctions would slow or stop construction of the 4,800-kilometre pipeline from Siberia to Western Europe, thus punishing the Soviet Union for what the U.S. sees as its mvolvement in the military cra-

ckdown in Poland. The sanctions prevent American firms, their subsidiaries overseas and foreign companies operating under U.S. licences from exporting any American oil and gas equipment or technology that would he used for the pipeline.

The U.S. treasury secretary declined to say what the United States

wants from the Europeans.

Al Ahram criticises Reagan proposals

CAIRO (R) — A leading Cairo newspaper said Monday President Reagan's proposals on the Middle East igoored the security of Israel's Arab neighbours and showed too much concern for that of Isr-

In the first detailed press rea-

ction to the proposals, the editor of the semi-official Al Ahram described parts of the plan as a green light to Israel to alter its borders whenever it liked under security and religious pretexts. The editor, Ibrahim Nafaa, was citing a part of Mr. Reagan's plan

that says "when the border is negotiated between Israel and Jordan, our view on the extent to which Israel should be asked to give up territory will he heavily affected by the extent of true peace and normalisation and the security arrangements offered in retum.

In his lengthy article, Mr. Nafaa said "the initiative spoke of the security and safety of Israel while it did not refer at all to the security of either the proposed Palestinian self-government in the West Bank and Gaza Strip or that of Jordan or other Arab neighbours of Israel."

Al-Ahram's editor said the prospect of an independent Palestinian state could have given the Palestinians the opportunity to ebose the kind of selfdetermination they wanted instead of limiting such options in advance.

FIATERES.

Water, sanitation problems persist in Third World

The International Drinking Water and Sanitation Decade was launched by the United Nations in November 1980 to bring clean drinking water and adequate sanitation to all by 1990. A seventh of the Decade is over and "frankly we have very little to. show," Decade Coordinator Peter Lowes said in London recently.

The Decade was in danger of spending too much time and resources on promotional activities and commercial goods and services, he warned.

There "does not seem to have been much progress" in raising funds in the North or in developing national plans and training programmes in the South, he told a U.K. Water Decade Liaison meeting.

In the last few months he had seen waste and duplication of effort in Oman, Pakistan, Turkey and the Yemen Arab Republic. In the Sudan many organisations were tenuously linked with Khartoum and it was not always clear what they were doing. The Regional Representatives of the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) could help coordinate Decade activities, Lowes felt.

Rejecting the "top down" attitude to development, Lowes advocated understanding local problem before pledges from donors were made. For this, UNDP and the World Health Organisation (WHO) would concentrate on a few countries--Nepal, Turkey, Zaire and possibly Morocco and Sri Lanka-and help them hold national conferences.

Bangladesh

An unusual study of rural water use patterns by Bangladeshi engincering student Farooque Ahmed could be crucial to longterm water supply and sanitation programmes in the country, UNI-CEF afficials believe.

Ahmed studied three districts of south western Bangladesb -Kushtia, Jessore and Khulna --bordering West Bengal in India. for a Master's thesis at the Department of Civil Engineering at the Bangladesb University of Engineering and Technology, Dacca.

The idea of understanding local needs before launching programmes is not new, and some of Ahmed's findings are fairly obvious. The significance of the study-which is based on painstakingly detailed observations-is that it bas aroused the interest of planners.

Though Ahmed himself does not suggest that his findings are applicable to the whole country, local UNICE ffici. convinced that the ...dy is retevant to the rest of . .agladesh and to 1 the region. other coun

Improving ter poly and sanitation facilities is particularly difficult in Bangladesh, which has the world's highest rural population density. The dry season is very dry and the wet season very wet. The water in the rivers, ponds and even the wells is contaminated because of poor sanitary con-

Ahmed's study covered 3,000 people in more than 400 hou-

seholds, in 27 areas. In each village or area 10-15 households in the vicinity of a pump were discreetly observed throughout the daylight hours over a few days. The residents were also questioned about how far they had to go, how long collection took and what they used the water for-drinking, washing, bathing, sanitation nr food and drink for

Ahmed encountered several problems. The women were reluctant to be interviewed. The villagers would not allow close observation of waterpoints. The water vessels were of different sizes, making it hard to estimate the quantities. It was difficult to observe people at night and at peak periods of collection.

The average per capita consumption was estimated at 45 litres per day. The consumption was lower in 70% of the houses. The bigger houses and the richer families needed more water. People with water-scal flush latrines i 4.5 litres more each. Hindus used more water than their Muslim neighbours because they washed their floors twice a day, and eve-

ryone used more water in summer. In every area villagers had access to both unprotected and protected water. The study covered ponds, ditches, rivers streams, wells and also community bandpump tubewells and UNICEF's family-size tubewells. The family tubewells catering for 20-30 persons were cheaper to maintain but less robust than the beavier community ones, which supplied 150



household well which were cheaply and easily onstructed within the compound. iverywhere ponds were used unt I the dry weather lowered the water level and people had to turn to the tubewells.

Tradition and habit weighed against the tubewells-the safer source-and villagers were also ignorant of the dangers of using unprotected water. Differences in taste, smell and colour of the water were appreciated but not its biological quality.

Women preferred the traditional wells and ponds as these afforded a sheltered or private area, while the tubewells were completely open. Mnreover, it took more time to collect water from a tubewell in the peak collection times in the early morning and late evening. Congested tubewells sent many people to the surface water for bathing and

The usual tubewell platform has standing space for one person. Increasing the dimensions for more people—who could wash clothes. and bathe-resulted in greater use of the tubewell.

Another problem was the high iron and chloride content in the groundwater-this was often beyond the medical tolerance limit. In Jessore people had various sources including a river, ponds, wells and easily accessible tubewells. But all the 100 households surveyed used the surface sources.

Yemen

The construction of the first stage nf a modern sewerage system is

In Kushtia prople preferred expected to start this August in the ancient city of Sana'a, capital of the Yemen Arab Republic.

> The new sewerage project, which has been contracted to a British company, is being initially financed by the International Development Association and the Saudi Fund for Development.

> The first stage of the project will cater to about 100,000 people--roughly half the present population-and will concentrate on the old quarters of the capital. The congested old city area has

narrow, many-storeyed houses along narrow, unpaved streets. A house of five 10 nine storeys is ,occupied by one extended family. Each floor has one or two lavatory-bathrooms next to a vertical shaft extending from the top to the ground floor.

The faeces drop down a hole in the squatting slah via the long shaft to a receptacle. From bere they are frequently collected, carried to old public bathhouses and spread on the roofs to dry.

In wood-scarce Sana'a dried plemented by the refuse from the slaughter yards. The ashes are sold as fertiliser for orchards or vegetable gardens.

The urine and waste water flows via a groove in the lavatory floor to the nutside wall and down an open vertical drain. Some of the liquid evaporates; the rest collects in an underground sump. No liquid goes down the "long drop" and in the hot dry climate the feaces dehydrate quickly, making removal easier.

The traditional "lnng drop" latrine is ecologically sound for a hot area with scarcity of water and

fuel. But it is a major bealth hazard because it involves the handling of fresh faeces. The most common diseases in Sana'a -- desentery, worminfestations, viral hepatitis and trachoma--are due tn poor sanitation. A mndern sewerage system is good for public bealth but cannot fulfil the traditional ecological functions.

Ghana

Community health workers in rural Ghana have found that the best way to ensure the success nf a programme is to let the people work out their own solutions.

In 1970 a health and family planning project was started in a group of village: near Accra. The Danfa project-named after one of the villages-was run jointly by the Ghana Medical School and the University of California in the U.S. The U.S. Agency for International Development (USAID) provided some initial ding. Now it is being funded by the Ghanaian government.

The project covered 60 villages. within a 80 km radius of Accra. Of these, 33 had no latrines, 14 had latrines in poor condition and all hut nne village used pond water for drunking. Waste was dumped in irregularly maintained sites.

Planners realised from the start that the villagers had to be effectively involved to change the insanitary conditions. Committees or groups were formed in every village--78% of these have been active. Seven villages bad wnmen's groups and two had youth groups.



The groups discussed their own ause the water pressure is too low priorities and listed these in order: construction of latrines, improving water supply, refuse disposal, good housing, and electric connection. The plans were made on this basis-the villagers were responsible for providing and maintaining improved facilities.

However, there were some pro-

The people deepened their own ponds. The government helped them to dig trenches and lay pipes. hut now only five villages have flowing water in the pipelines bec-

and the diameter of the pipes is too small.

More than 80% of the 120 latrines needed were built by the villagers themselves, but 25% caved in within four years and has to be rebuilt. The government built only eight latrines. Refuse disposal sites were identified by each village, but these were not maintained satisfactorily. The women responsible for sweeping the area and burning the waste did not always do so when they were busy with the harvest or in the rainy

season when it was too wet. Joseph O Azu of the Ghana Medical School's community heaith department points out that the . community also feared that the new schemes would fail, the benefits would go only to a few, and

the costs would be too high. Community participation in the . Danfa health project could have; been even greater if education and. farming programmes had also been taken up at the same time, suggests Azu.

Dr. Munzir Al Qaryuti Nairoukh pharmacy ... Al Salam pharmacy

nir pha

Al Neil taxi

Ghassan pharmacy Al Khayyali taxi ... Grand Palace taxi

Medical Centre taxi

ZARQA Dr. Sami Al Ma'ayteh

Dr. Hani Farhan

-- Earthscan

36730

74497

67079

44433

360 / 300 560 / 480

220 / 180 240 / 200

180 / 150

TV & RADIO

JORDAN TELEVISION MAIN CHANNEL

| Котап |
|-------------------|
| |
| Cartoons |
| Vision |
| Lobe |
| Local Programme |
| Local Programme |
| News in Arabic |
| Arabic Series |
| Thought & Society |
| Arabic Series |
| News in Arabic |
| |

FOREIGN CHANNEL

| PORGIGIT CEPTITION |
|------------------------------------------------|
| 18:00 French Programme 19:00 News in French |
| 19:38 News in Hebrew |
| 29:00 News in Arabi |
| 29:30 Comedy |
| 21:10 Documentary |
| 22-90 News in English |
| 22:15 Variety Show |
| RADIO JORDAN |
| 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM |
| & partly on 9560 KHz, SW |
| 07:10 Morning Show |

| 10:00 |
|-------------------------------------|
| 10:05 Morning Show |
| 12:00 News Supprary |
| 12:65 Pop Session |
| 13:00 News Summary |
| 13:00 News Summary |
| 14:00 News Bulletin |
| 14:10 Instrumentals |
| 14:30 Country Music |
| 15:00 Concert Hour |
| 16:00 News Summary |
| 16:65 Instrumentals, Old Favourites |
| |
| 17:00 Science Report, Pop Session |
| 18:00 News Summary |
| 18:05 Top Twenty |
| 19:00 Newsdesk |
| |
| 19:38 Date with a Star |
| |

BBC WORLD SERVICE 639, 720, 1413 KHz

06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 Four Hands in

Reflections 97:89 World News 97:89 24 Hours News Summary 07:30 The Philip Jones Brass Ensemble 07:45 The World Today \$5:00 Newsdesk \$6:30 Con-Today 68:00 Newsdesk 68:30 Counterpoint 69:00 World News 99:09 24 Hours News Summary 69:30 A World of Wind and Brass 69:45 Network U.K. 18:00 World News 18:09 Reflections 18:15 The Finne and the Wind 18:30 Grainger in The Strand 11:00 World News 11:09 British Press Review I1:15 The World Today 11:20 Financial News 11:40 Louk Abead 11:45 Robert Service 12:15 Classical Record Review 12:30 12:15 Classical Record Review 12:30 Steptoc and Son 13:00 World News Steptoc and Son 13.09 News about Britain 13:15 Letter from London 13:25 Scotland This Week 13:36 Sports International 14:00 Radio el 14:15 From the Promenad Concerts 14:45 Sports Round-up 15:09
World News 15:49 24 Hours News
Summary 15:45 A Jolly Good Show
16:30 Goneril with a White Beard 16:45 16:39 Goneral with a White Beard 16:45 Network U.K. 17:49 Radio Newsreel 17:15 Outlook 18:09 World News 18:09 Commentary 18:15 The Bogart File 18:45 The World Today 19:09 World News 19:09 Meridian 19:40 Scotland This Week 19:45 Sports Round up 28:30 North News 20:09 News about Britain 20:15 Radio Newsred 20:30 Promenade Concert 21:06 Outlook 21:39 Stock Market Report 21:43 Look Ahead 21:45 The Philip Jones Brass Ensemble 22:00 World News 22:00 24 Hours News Summary 22:30 Hatter's Castle 23:15 Classical Pops 23:30 The Bogart File 24:00 World News 00:09 The World Today 00:25 Scotland This Week 00:40 Reflections 66:45 Sports Round up 61:06 World News 61:69 Commentary 01:15 Keynotes 01:30 Meridian

VOICE OF AMERICA

05:00 Daybreak 07:00 The Breakfast Show 17:00 News Roundup: Reports, opinions, analyses 17:30 VOA Mag-azine: Americana, science, culture, let-ters 18:00 Special English News 18:10 Special English Science and technology 18:15 Feature: Science in the News 18:30 Now Music USA 19:00 News Roundup 19:30 Dateline 20:00 Special English News 20:10 Special English Report 29:15 Special English Feature 20:30 Now Music USA 21:00 News Rounup; reports, opinion, analyses. 21:30 VOA Magazine 22:00 Special English; news 22:15 Music USA (Jazz) 22:00 VOA World Report

WHAT'S GOING ON

EXHIBITION

⁹ History of the French Cuezza, a photographic exhibition, at the French Cutzal Centre. Starts at 4:00 p.m.

CHOIR

* The YWCA choir invites all interestingers to join them at 7:30 p.m.

CULTURAL CENTRES

| · | |
|--------------------------------|--------|
| American Centre tel | . 4152 |
| British Council 3 | 6147-8 |
| French Cultural Centre | 37009 |
| Goethe Institute | 41993 |
| Soviet Cultural Centre | |
| Spenish Cultural Centre | |
| Turkish Cultural Centre | 39777 |
| Haya Arts Centre | |
| Hussein Youth City | |
| Y.W.C.A | |
| Y.W.M.A | |
| Amman Municipal Library | |
| University of Jordan Library _ | 84355 |
| omiam, | |

MUSEUMS

tumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jeresh (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, centuries). Inc. Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 51760. Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan, Jahai Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. 4.00 p.m.), Closedmesdays, Jurdan National Gallery: Contains a col-Jordan (capanic causey) Contains a con-lection of printings, ceramics, and scu-lection by contemporary islands which from most of the Muslim countriesed a collection of printings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Munitzeah, Jabal Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. - 6.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 30128.

Military Museum: Collection of military memorabiliz duting from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 9 a.m. 4 p.m. Closed ler Life of Jordan Minerac: 100 to Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. Closed Tucsdays. Tel. 37169.

SERVICE CLUBS

Lions America Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 1.30 p.m.
Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Grand Palace Hotel, 1.30 p.m.
Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn, 1.30 p.m.
Rotary Club. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 p.m.
Roval Automobile Club. Jabal Amman.

Royal Automobile Chib. Jabal Am Eighth Circle. Tel. 815261.

CHURCHES

St. Jeseph Clearch (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, tel. 24590. Church of the Assumption (Ros Catholic) Jabal Laweibdeh, 37440. De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Hussein, 61757. Church of the Annunciati Orthodox) Abdall, 23541. Applican Church (Church of the Redeemer) Jabai Amman, 43453. Armenian Catholic Church Ashrafieb,

St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Orthodox) Ashrafieh, 71751. Animan International Church (Inter-denominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani, 63249.

Armenian Orthodox Church Ashrafich

PRAYER TIMES

| 43:58 | .H-WH | - M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M | Fajr |
|--------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|----------------|
| 05:15 | | (Survise) | Shuruq |
| LI:35 | *************************************** | | Dhuhr |
| | ., | | |
| 17:52 | ,=::::=::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::: | | laghreb |
| 19:18 | | | 'Isha |
| | | | |

FOR THE TRAVELLER AMMAN AIRPORT

ation is supplied by Alia information department at Anunan Airport tel. 92205-6, where it should always be

Cairo (EA)
. Doha (RJ)

ARRIVALS

| UOPES DOME (KJ) |
|--------------------------------------------------|
| 98:55 Aqaba (RJ) |
| 09:00 Cairo (RJ) |
| 09:30 Jeddah (RJ) |
| 09:40 Dhahran (RJ) |
| |
| 69:45 |
| 11:05 Riyadh (\$V) |
| 11:10 Cairo (EA) |
| 11:20 Ankera (TA) |
| 12:10 _ Muscat, Dubai, Bahrain (GA) |
| 14:20 Tunis, Athens (TUA) |
| 15:30 Kuwait (KAC) |
| 15:30 |
| 16:00 Larnaca (RJ) |
| 16:45 Copenhagen, Athens (SK) |
| 16:45 Frankfurt, Geneva (RJ) |
| 17:10 |
| 17:15 New York, Amsterdam (RJ) |
| 17:30 London, Paris (RJ) |
| 18-00 (P.I) |
| 18:00 |
| 18-55 Ameterium Athens (KT M) |
| 18:55 Amsterdam, Athens (KLM) 19:30 Rome (RJ) |
| 19:50 Frankfurt, Damascus (LT) |
| 22:05 Damascus (RJ) |
| 22:30 Baghdad (RJ) |
| 24:00 |
| 90:30 Baghdad (RJ) |
| |
| 01:10 Čairo (EA) |
| |

DEPARTURES-

| | • |
|---------------|--------------------------|
| 95:09 | |
| 6 5:15 | Demascus, Frankfurt (L.) |
| 07:90 | Agaba (R. |
| 68 :10 | Cairo (E.A |
| 09:40 | London (BA |
| | Athens, Amsterdam (KLA |
| | Rome (R. |
| 10:45 | Topoli (R. |
| | Vienna, New York (R. |
| | Cairo (R |
| 11:36 | Tunis, Casablanca (R. |
| | Lamaca (Ri |
| 12-60 | Istanbul, London (R. |
| 12:10 | |
| 12:28 | A-Land (CA |
| 12.20 | Anktra (TA |
| - | Athens, Copenhagen (R. |

13:00 ... Doha, Bahrain, Muscat (GA) 14:00 15:15 Athens, Tunis (TUA) .. Cairo (EA) 18:30 19:00 19:15 . Damascus (RJ) Abu Dhabi (RJ) 19:50 20:00 20:15 Bangkok (RJ) Bungkok (RJ) Dubzi, Muscat (RJ)

MONEY EXCHANGE

WEATHER

thwesterly moderate wind. In Aqaba, eg.C. 0/31

| normer is monerate wing and cal | M 5685. |
|---------------------------------|---------|
| Low/high temperature in | dee.C |
| Amman | |
| Aqaba | . 26/38 |
| Deserts | |
| Jordan Valley | 24/30 |
| •• | |

erday's high temperature readings; san 32, Aqaba 39. Humidity rea-

USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS.

EMERGENCIES

Firstaid, fire, police

| Civil Defence resone | 61 111 |
|----------------------------|--------|
| Fire beadquarters 2 | 2090-3 |
| Police rescue 192, 21111, | 3777 |
| Delies bendament | 3//// |
| Police headquarters | 39141 |
| Traffic police 5 | 6390-1 |
| Electric Power Co 3 | 6381-2 |
| Municipal water service 7 | 1126 |
| Transport march service | 11407 |
| | |
| HOSPITALS | |
| MOSPITALS | |
| Hussein Medical Centre 813 | 212.3 |
| | |

| Hussein Medical Centre 813813-32 |
|-------------------------------------|
| Khalidi Maternity, J. Amman 44281-4 |
| Akleh Maternity, J. Amman 42441 |
| ALICH MANDETHAY, J. AMMEN 42441 |
| Jabal Amman Maternity 42362 |
| Malbas, J. Amman 36140 |
| Polartina Chrosicani 64171 4 |
| Palestine, Shmeisani 64171-4 |
| University Hospital 845845 |
| Dar Al-Shifa, J. Hussein 67158 |
| Al-Mussher, J. Hussein 67127-9 |
| Mr. 71 1 1108CH U/12/-y |
| The Islamic, Abdali 65292 |
| Al-Ahli, Abdali 64164 |
| Italian, Al-Muhajreen 77101-3 |
| ATT I'M A A L OF THE |
| Al-Bashir, 1. Ashrafieh 75111 |
| Army, Marka |
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| NIGHT DUTY |
| |

AMMAN Dr. Awni Hawamdeh 77665/72350

Unnerllower price in fils per ke

| GENERAL | |
|------------------------------|----------------|
| Jordan Television | 73171 |
| Radio Jordan | 74111 |
| Ministry of Tourists | 42311 66412 |
| Price complaints | 61176 |
| Telephone: Information | 12 |
| Jordan and Middle East calls | 10 |
| Oversess calls | 18 |
| Repair service | 11 |
| | |

MARKET PRICES

| Apple (African)350 / 300 | Gariic |
|------------------------------|-------------------|
| Apple (American) 350 / 300 | Grane |
| Apple (Double Red) 220 / 180 | Grapes |
| Apple (Golden) | Hot Green Pepp |
| Apple (Golden) 220 / 180 | Lemon ,,,,,, |
| Apple (Japanese) | McDow |
| Apple (Local) | |
| Annie (Sterken) | Marrow (large) . |
| Apple (Starken) | Marrow (anali) |
| Banana 260 / 200 | Mclon |
| Banana (Mukammar) 225 / 200 | |
| Beans 360 / 300 | Okra |
| 300 / 300 | Onion (dry) |
| | Parsley |
| Beans (string) 280 / 200 | Peaches |
| Broad Beans 170 / 140 | |
| Cabbana 170 140 | Pears (Lebanese) |
| Cabbage 150 / 120 | Plums |
| Carrol | Potato (imported |
| Cauliflower (white) | Desire (majorses) |
| Charries | Radish |
| | |

. 280 / 220

هكذا من النصل

Higher Committee for Palestine oraises Hussein's stand

AMMAN (Petra) — The general called on the entire Arab Nation to belp Iraq in its war against Iran, nitiee for Palestine met here on Monday and issued a statement at the end of its meetings. The sta-ement praised the efforts made achieve Arab solidarity as well as to end the war. King's constant, hononrable issue and people.

The statement also welcomed the convening of the Arab summit conference in Fez and called for a truthful Arab solidarity enabling the Arabs to foil the Israeli plots. The statement hailed the Iraqi people, army and government and

particularly that Irao is defending the Arab Nation's interests. The conferees denounced Iran's insistence to continue its war against py His Majesty King Hussein to Iraq despite Iraq's positive steps

It also praised the decision stands towards the Palestinian made by King Fahd of Saudi Arabia to treat Palestinian students in Saudi Arabia the same as Saudi students. Also expressing its thanks for Saudi Arabia's care for the Palestinian wounded and their treatment at the expense of the Saudi government.

Palestinian people should take

Madaba gets 500 new 80 graduate from police telephone lines college

MADABA (Petra) - The Madaba District telecommunications directorate has increased the capacity of the switchboards operating in the district by 500 new telephone lines, after adding seven new switchboards disiributed to the city and the district

villages. Madaba Distriet telcommunications Director Khaed Al Abbadi told the correspondent of the Jordan News Agency, Petra, that the directorate had added seven new manual telephone lines between Madaba and Amman, in addition to extending direct lines between some villages in the district and

Mr. Abbadi added that the directorate has completed the ins-tallation of a 250-line telephone network at a cost of JD 30,000 in Umm Al Basatin town to serve adjoining villages. It also completed the installation of a 150line telephone network in Umm Rummaneh village, and a 250-line network in Natal village to render telephone services to seven adjoining villages at a cost of JD

Mr. Abbadi said that the directorate has plans to expand the telephone networks in the northem and central parts of the district through a French loan and that work on the project will begin

Farmers' association to get JD 500,000 loan from ACC

AMMAN (J.T.) — A loan agr- members of the association. eement was signed on Monday at . The farmers association has the Agriculture Credit Cor- made significant strides in the last poration (ACC), according to few years, particularly in the field which JD 500,000 will be given to of importing materials for farmers the farmers' association in the Jordan Valley. The loan will be guaranteed by the Jordanian gov-

The loan will be allocated for purchasing materials used for agracultural production, including dertilisers, seeds and pesticides and will be given to some 5,400

to be used in agricultural production. This in turn has dictated that the association increases its financial resources and facilities

The agreement was signed by the association's board of directors chairman Sa'id Al Ghazzawi, and ACC board of directors chairman Sami Al Sunna'.

Jerash women to vote in municipal elections

IRBID (Petra) — For the first ers in the Jerash area will double. time, women will take part in muncipal elections which will take place in a number of towns this year, in accordance with the recent amendments introduced to the Municipalities Law, giving women the right to vote and be elected. Municipal elections will take place first in Jerash according to the new

Jerash District Governor Fayez Al Abbadi, in his capacity as chairman of the Registration and Election Committee, has appointed two women as members of the committee, which began registering the names of male and female voters in the area.

Speaking about the elections, Mr. Abbadi told the correspondent of the Jordan News Agency, Petra, that the new amendments allow every citizen above 19 years of age residing within the municipality borders to vote and this means that the number of vot-

It could reach as much as 5,000 voters while the number of voters in the last elections totalled 1,500 only, and this dictates on us to increase the number of committees, ballot boxes and people working on the elections.

Special boxes will be used for men and other boxes will he used for women. The election committees will abide by instructions affirming that each voter should show his identity card before vot-

Mr. Abbadi said the municipal elections in Jerash will take place in October and will be a test of the awareness of citizens. He called on the Jerasb residents to cooperate with the elections committees in order to elect a new municipal council capable of serving the city and contributing to its progress, particularly that the city is of special touristic and historic sig-

Jerash to have direct lines with Amman

JERASH (Petra) - The city of Jerash will this year bave direct telephone links with Amman, Irbid, Zarqa, Karak and Aqaba, according to a spokesman for the Telecommunications Corporation's office here.

He said that technical studies for the project bave been completed and work for installing 150 telephone lines for eitizens in the eity will be carried out in the coming months. The Jerash telephone exchange has a capacity of 1000 lines, he said.

'Zarqa Government Hospital one of the biggest in Jordan'

Government Hospital has become one of the biggest hospitals operating in the country after it has been equipped with modern tecmical and clinical equipment, Zarqa District Health Director Abdul Azîz Al Shraideh said.

part in any international or Arab

negotiations on Palestine, and in

any plans submitted for the sol-

ution of the Palestinian issue thr-

ough the Palestine Liberation

Organisation (PLO), in its cap-

acity as the sole legitimate representative of the Palestinian peo-

Concluding its statement, the committee denounced the dec-

ision made by the United Nations

Relief and Works Agency for Pal-

estinian Refugees (UNRWA) to

stop its aid to the Palestinian ref-

ugees, on the pretext of giving this aid to the refugees in Lebanon.

AMMAN (Petra) — The Khaled

Ibn Al Walid company was gra-

duated on Monday from the Pol-

ice Training College. The number of graduates were 80 non-commissioned officers and men.

The graduation ceremony inc-

luded a military parade by the

graduates, and the college com-

mandant made a speech to the

graduates urging them to exert

their efforts for serving their cou-

During the 16-week course, the

graduates were lectured on legal

proceedings, penalties and mat-

ters related to the functions of the

police. They also received military

training and lessons on Islamic

culture as well as general inf-

ormation.

ple, the statement said.

hospital has now 180 beds and 80 doctors and that the emergency schools.

ZARQA (Petra) - The Zarqa section is being expanded to enable it to receive more emergency

Asked about the preparedness of the Health Directorate to cope with health care for the increasing number of school students this year, Dr. Shraideb said that the health team, in cooperation with Dr. Sbraideb added that the the Education Directorate, is rendering its services effectively to all

Ajloun Anjareh road completed

IRBID (Petra) — The Irbid Govemorate public works directorate had completed the expansion of the two-kilometre long Ajloun-Anjareb road at a cost of JD 16,000. The directorate will begin this month the expansion of the Ailoun-Qal'at Al Rabad road.

On the other hand, the Ajloun municipality has offered a tender for the maintenance of 45,000 square metres of the Ajloun city streets.

Ajloun District governor Abdul Halim Awwad has said a number of agricultural roads will be opened to develop agricultural wealth in the district. He said that 51kilometres of roads will be opened

to serve farmers in 18 towns and villages. Work in opening the roads will begin this month, be



Jordan, Faculty of Agriculture Auditorium on

Abdul Qadir Abed (right).

Geological conference starts

said in his speech, that the con-

vening of the conference is an

encouragement to scientific res-

matters of interest to Jordan and

Resources Authority (NRA) Ahmad Dahkhan said in his spe-

ecb at the opening of the con-

Vice President of the Natural

the neighbouring countries.

AMMAN (Petra) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan opened on Monday morning, at the University of Jordan, the first conference of Jordanian geologists, which will continue for three days.

Prince Hassan welcomed the participants in the conference and said the conference is being held at a difficult time in which our Arab nation is facing the fiercest plots and the most serious challenges in its contemporary history. Prince Hassan called for loyalty to and affiliation with the land we live on, and the best use of our natural resources. He also expressed his pride in the ability and the productivity of the Jordanian geologists to their country. He also pra-ised the Arab geologists efforts

AMMAN (Petra) - The legal

committee at the National Con-

sultative Council (NCC) held a

session on Monday evening under

its chairman, Taber Hikmat, to

continue discussion of the draft

law of the journalists association.

ference, that Jordan pays a great attention to science because of its effective and positive effect on development planning.

logists Association Sbaker Muqbil exploring Jordan's natural resources, needs the most modern methods of research and prospecting and the geologists bave earch in Jordan, and providing the primary responsibility for this.

Other speakers, including the Arab Mining Company Director General Thabit Al Taher, and University of Jordan President Abdul Salam Al Majali, empbasised that the topics which the conference will discuss are of great significance for Jordan on the scientific, economic and social levels.

The conferees will discuss 47 research papers submitted by Jordanian, Arab and foreign res-He said the conference will conearchers dealing with the geology solidate the foundations of cooof Jordan and the adjoining Arab

peration with the Arab and fri- areas.

NCC meets on Monday

thouses in the area.

Mr. Suleiman called on local ygrounds.

IRBID (Petra) — Souf Mayor companies to participate in these Nayef Ahmad Suleiman has said touristic projects. The Souf mayor touristic projects. The Souf mayor said bis municipality's budget for this year totalled JD 296,000 and

Advertise by mail in the Jordan Times

The Jordan Times can accept classified advertisements that are sent in by mail and accompanied by full payment in cash. Readers and advertisers who cannot conveniently

1. Full payment in cash or cheque accompanies the adv-

2. The minimum charge for a single advertisement is JD 7.500. 3. Advertisements sent by mail cannot contain any artwork

such as company emblems, photos or drawings, but must consist only of a headline and copy that will be typeset by the Jordan Times. 4. Advertisements are not accepted over the telephone or

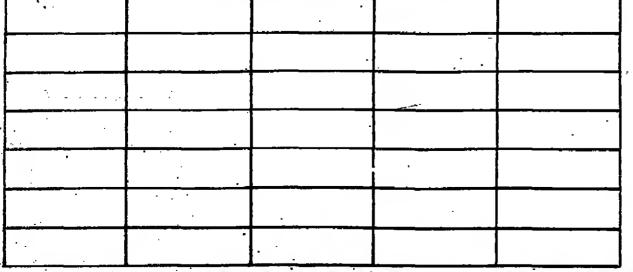
telex, and guaranteed insertions on specific dates can only the Jordan Times office at least two days before the required day of publication.

ibring their advertisements to the Jordan Times office or to an advertising agency office in Amman may send in their ads by mail on the following conditions:

- 5. For the minimum price of JD 7.500, the advertiser will have published an advertisement of three centimetres on two columns, which will have a maximum of 30 words. including the headline and telephone numbers to be called. The JD 7.500 charge is for one insertion; two insertions cost JD 15, three insertions cost JD 22.500 etc.
- 6. For a larger ad, the rates are JD 10 for 40 words and JD 12:500 for 50 words.
- 7. You can take advantage of the Jordan Times advertising by mail facility by completing the form below and mailing it with full payment in cash or cheque to:

Advertising Department The Jordan Times, P.O.Box 6710, Amman, Jordan.

(write one word only per box - please print)



Please publish the above advertisement in the Jordan Times on -

Mideast plan

for true peace.

that territory will be exchanged

alter its stand on settlements. We

will persist in our efforts to help

Israel understand how damaging

its settlements are to the peace we

are all trying to achieve and how

ermined to persevere in seeking

broader participation in the peace

process. The U.S. positions set

forth by the president on Sept. 1

remain and sball remain unc-

banged. It is our bope that those

who understand that the pre-

sident's initiative provides an

important and positive opening

for progress will only he str-

engtbened now in their det-

ermination to make the most of

'The United States is det-

seriously we take this issue.

"The United States will not

ctions, its hopes would seem to lie in internal Israeli debate on the peace plan.

Statement text

Following is the text of the State Department statement which condemned the Israeli decision to build new settlements:

"The U.S. regards Israel's announcement of its intention to establish additional settlements as most unwelcome. We cannot understand wby, at a time when broader participation in the peace process is both critical and possible, Israel has elected to extend a pattern of activity which erodes the confidence of all, and most particularly the inhabitants of the West Bank and Gaza, in the possibilities for a just and fairly negotiated outcome to the peace process. Moreover, such settlements activity can only raise questions

the opportunity it offers." Moscow denounces U.S. plan

cow was concerned, Mr. Reagan's proposals did not go far enough. The Soviet Union considered a true peace settlement was possible only if Israel pulled out of all areas occupied in 1967 and the Palestinians were given a sovereign,

independent state. "Washington is trying to find ways of leaving the Palestinians forever homeles, under ste-

Pravda said that as far as Mos-wardship, and doomed to eternal wandering," Pravda said.

less than in the past, it added.

accords they would have been all-

Sarkis confers with envoys

arriving on Aug. 21 under a over the past three days since the 30-day mandate, renewable at Lebanese government request.

ough their lines.

Under the 1978 Camp David

owed a referendum to determine their future, but now even this concession bad been withdrawan.

might allow the Israelis to slip thr-

In the devastated southern suburbs of Beirut there have been several sniping incidents between

Palestinians were offered even

Despite the successful com-

pletion of the Palestinian witbdrawal, several problems bave arisen since the Palestinians left

Israeli and Lebanese leftist forces illery attacks.

The only new element in Mr. Reagan's proposals was that the

Israelis established observation posts in advance of their previous ceasefire line.

South Yemen's Ambassador Abdullah Al Salem called Mon-

Budapest Radio reported that the soldiers had occupied the building, which had been previously evacuated after being severely damaged by Israeli air and art-

impedes 'autonomy' talks'

about Israel's willingness to abide by the promise of Resolution 242

onomy" to the Palestinians in the West Bank and Gaza bave pro- called it "an unnecessary produced no tangible results since

Israel has charged that the latest American proposals deviated from the 1978 Camp David accords which proposed Palestinian 'autonomy" as a temporary solution to the Palestinian problem.

they say that the Camp David process no longer exists they will bave to bear responsibility," be added

occupation.

approved the construction of six through Washington. villages in the West Bank and one in the Gaza Strip.

turned into civilian villages. Each of the seven outposts is planned to house 1,500 Israelis, according to all foreign forces from Lebanon. officials of the Jewish Agency's settlement department.

the costly projects.

The decision fuelled the con-

and wished success to the conendly countries, in prospecting for natural raw materials. President of the Jordanian Geo-Mr. Dahkhan emphasised that

experienced people in this field an opportunity to exchange views on

Souf plans several new projects

that the Souf municipality is currently making plans to implement a number of touristic, educational and telecommunications projects. He said that among these projects students will be established this is the establishment of tourist res-

that a 30-room school building capable of accommodating 1,000 year. The school will be sapplied with laboratories, halls and pla-Continued from page

the massive settlement policies of

Mr. Begin. Opposition member of

parliament Amnon Rubinstein

vocation" detrimental to U.S.-

Demand for captives' return

the release of eight Israeli soldiers

who it said were captured on Sat-

urday in central Lebanon and

taken bebind ceasefire lines con-

Military spokesmen said they

still had no information on where

the soldiers were being beld. They

were captured east of Beirut on

Deputy Prime Minister David Levy told reporters that "Israel

has 20 different ways" of ret-

aliating for the capture of its men

but preferred "peaceful" means.
"The sooner our soldiers are

released the better for both sides,"

trolled by Syrian forces.

the road to Damascus

Israel again demanded Monday

Israeli relations.

U.S.: Israel undermines Israel says Reagan plan

time must elapse before a res- tinuing controversy in Israel over

The talks on granting "autthey began in June, 1979.

"It is now up to the Americans to state their intentions towards Camp David," an official said. "If

without elaborating. The latest Israeli move was seen by foreign diplomats as a continued tough Israeli response to President Reagan's peace pro-

It follows a government committee decision Sunday to establish seven more Jewish outposts in addition to 115 Israeli settlements set up in the West Bank and Gaza in 15 years of Israeli

The government committee

The officials said they expected construction to start soon but funds still bad to be allocated for

Defence Minister Ariel Sharon demanded the immediate release of the soldiers Sunday. His demand was conveyed to Damascus Government officials said special U.S. envoy Philip Habib, who Israeli soldiers already man arranged the withdrawal of Palthree of the sites which will now be estinian forces from west Beirut, would return to the area on Sept.

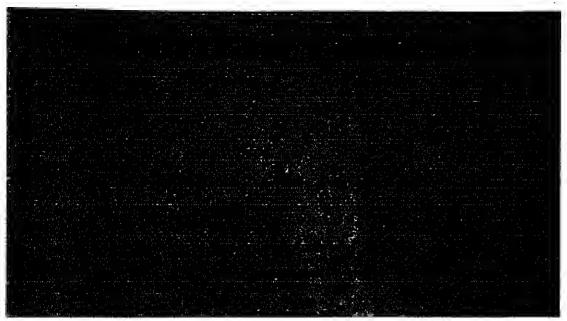
> Morris Draper, an aide of Mr. Habib, was quoted as telling Israeli leaders Sunday that the U.S. expected negotiations to produce a peaceful evacuation of Syrian. Palestinian and Israeli troops from Lebanon.

> > صالوية ثبيرا

24 to start talks on the removal of

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day on Lebanese Prime Minister their positions to Lebanese leftist Shafiq Al Wazzan to complain militias who in turn ceded some of that Israeli soldiers had entered them to Lebanese government the embassy building, which is in forces. the area concerned. The biggest militia, the Murabitoun, said Sunday that it would In Budapest, the official Hunnot surrender some of its positions garian MTI news agency reported near Beirut port until American Monday that a group of heavily armed Israeli soldiers entered the Marines currently holding the port - day (s). Enclosed is were replaced by French or Italian Hungarian embassy in Beirut last troops. It said the Americans Saturday.



Old lies from old men

IT IS most instructive these days to study: closely the arguments that Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin and his rightwing followers are producing to counter the new Mideast peace proposals of United States President Ronald Reagan. At first, the Israelis talked about Mr. Reagan's plan being a mortal danger to Israel because it would establish a Palestinian state. Now, Mr. Begin has written a letter to Mr. Reagan in which the main thesis is that a West Bank-Gaza political unit in association with Jordan would quickly lead to the establishment of a "Soviet base" in the heart of the Middle East.

This is peculiar stuff, indeed. It is interesting to note that even the great Russian fighter Ronald Reagan himself noted in his recent speech that his administration's obsession with confroting the Soviets in the Middle East had more or less given way now to resolving what he called the "homelessness" of the Palestinians, and what we call the political disenfranchisement of the Palestinians. When the American president himself glosses

over his previous mania about Soviets in the Middle East, the Israeli prime minister brings it out of the closet and tries to breathe new life into it. How ironic.

The American leadership seems to have understood recently that precisely the opposite is the case. It has been America's unguestioning, unfeeling support for Israel that has disenchanted so much of the Arab World in the past decade and has nurtured a powerful grass-roots anti-Americanism that only started to manifest itself openly during the past three months. The American leadership may be slow to learn the facts of the Middle East, but it eventually learns nevertheless. and one of the outstanding lessons of the recent past is that American-financed Israeli militarism and expansionism are the main impetus to Soviet penetration in the Arab World. Mr. Begin is clutching at straws, pulling out of his old bag of tricks any old lie that may have worked in the past. He strikes a rather pathetic figure. The Americans should tell him so, in their own words.

JORDAN'S ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i: Challenges facing the Arab summit

The Arab Nation's attention is focussed on Fez. where the Arab heads of state bave resumed the 12th Arab summit meeting, at a critical stage that requires absolute seriousness and the utmost sincerity in facing the challenges confronting the

Following the Zionist invasion of Lebanon with its consequences and possible effect on the course of Arab life, a common Arab strategy of action must be a prominent issue in the summit's working

Arab leaders, in their discussion of an Arab commoo strategy, will have to face a big question regarding President Reagan's initiative. The answer to such a question should take into account the present stage and the basic requirements for

the protection of the nation's real interests. The attention which the U.S. initiative has received and the positive aspects it contained will definitely not divert the leaders' concern for top priorities; that is, to get out of the conference with a unified stand towards the initiative as a prerequisite for building up on the positive aspects of

Al Dustour: Fez: A challenge, a responsibility

The Arab summit opening Monday at Fez is evidently of special importance. No other summit ever received equal attention from both Arab and world public opinion.

The Arab leaders were not able to demonstrate good ability at besieging their differences during the last session and prevent further deterioration in Arab solidarity and coordination. The resumption of the summit is hoped to witness eminent concentration by Arab leaders on prominent issues with a high sense of responsibility and warm

The calamities that have befallen the Arab Nation have excluded none of its member states. The dangers being faced pose a threat to every single country.

Hence, the importance of any summit lies in its participants' ability to rise above their differences and concentrate on common central issues of the

the initiative and the neutralisation of its negative

The Israeli authorities' announcement last Sunday of its intentions to establish seven new settlements in the occupied territories is an important element which Arab leaders should consider while discussing the initiative. The Israeli step is an early trial to President Reagan's proposals, which advocated the oeed for the suspension of Zionist settlement policies.

Israel is manipulating to neutralise the U.S. initiative and turn it into a theoritical inapplicable

enterprise. Hence, the difficulties facing Arab leaders at Fez are manifest; and it is essential that the summit arrives at a common stand, taking into account Israel's attempts at jeopardising the American initiative, a policy characteristic of Israel.

The Arab beads of state are to face several challenges at Fez. They are certainly capable of handling them successfully providing they rise above differences and put common interests of the nation above individual considerations.

present and the future. Hostile forces bave made much use of the gaps · created by the absence of solidarity, coordination and joint Arab action. What is bappening now at the Gulf front and the Lebanese tragedy only emphasise this fact. They also demonstrate that no hostile schemes may meet success unless they take

Arab relations. We are certain the Arab leaders' awareness of the dangers at this critical stage will lead them to outline a new solid framework for coordination and integration.

advantage of the state of disintegration in inter-

The Arab heads of state are expected to respond to the longings of their peoples, cherish their hopes and assume their responsibilities by securing all requirements of a strong stand and taking their due share in establishing genuine peace and lasting justice in the Middle East.

Resuscitating and unifying Lebanese army may not be as easy as it seems

By Jonathan Wright

BEIRUT — Lebanon's incoming president, Bashir Gemayel, faces a daunting task when he sets about resuscitating the country's demoralised army as the instrument of a strong central government.

With verbal support from Israel and the United States, Mr. Gemayel, who himself commands an unofficial militia of some 8,000 trained men, bas made strengthening the national army a key plank in his law-and-order political platform.

But virtually since the Lebanese state was established and especially since the civil war of 1975-6, the use of the armed forces has been the hottest political potato any Lebanese leader could have the misfortune to handle.

During the war, dissident officers like leftist Captain Ahmed Al Khatib and the Israeli-backed rightist Major Saad Haddad took their men out of the official army and set up rival militias claiming to represent Lebanon.

Today the army swims in a sea of foreign and local forces, taking up symbolic positions wherever the government can persuade

Lebanese soldiers liaise with Syrians and Israelis, with an 11natioo United Nations peacekeeping force in the south, and in Beirut with newly arrived troop contingents from France, Italy and the United States.

All over the country they must be careful not to offend a multitude of armed groups right across the political and religious spe-

The penalty for mistakes could be recurrent ambushes or sniping at army vehicles and personnel. Family and party loyalties protect the attackers from detection and

The soldiers rarely receive orders to try their strength against a rival, either for fear of casualties or of a government crisis provoked by the rival's allies in the cabinet. The result is a paralysed army, largely confined to bar-

racks. "As soldiers, we find it very frustrating to see our country used by others as the theatre for military operations over which we have no control," a senior officer told Reu-

He bad watched from his office window in the hill suburb of Yarze

other parties to give it a patch of its as Syrian and Israeli tanks battled for the mountain ridge that carries the main road from Beirut to Damascus.

The official Lebanese army played almost no part in the fighting of the last three months. It put up a nominal and short-lived resistance to the Israeli invasion forces in the south but let them into its stronghoid at Baabda, seat of the presidency and symbolic heart of Lebanese legitimacy.

Israeli troops took over army barracks in the south, angering Lebanese leftists who accused the army of colluding with their

Israel and the United States special envoy Philip Habib suggested in June deploying the army in west Beirut to disarm thousands of trapped Palestinian guerrillas and their leftist allies.

"The idea was totally impracticable. The government couldn't single out the leftists while the rightists were still armed," the Lebanese officer said.

The Palestinians and Muslim leaders of west Beirut, who bad long distrusted the army for what they said was a pro-Christian bias among its officers, demanded the multi-national force of American, French and Italian troops for extra

Concession to sovereignty

As a concession to Lebanese sovereignty, 3,000 Lebanese troops were assigned to work with the 2,100 foreign soldiers along the green line" dividing the capital into Christian and leftist sectors.

Following complicated negotiations in the field this stage is almost complete, but the army has not yet disputed militia-held territory is the heart of west Beirut.

Throughout the operation Pal-estinian, leftist and Muslim groups have preferred to abandon strategic positions specifically to the French, and not to the Lebanese

The Sunni Muslim prime minister, Shafiq Al Wazzan, asked to vet the units to be deployed in the west of the city to weed out any whose presence he thought might lead to friction.

The army is hardly more welcome in East Beirut, despite the dominant Falangist party's ideological commitment to it as the

representative of legitimacy. In private, Mr. Gemayer's militiamen in the "Lebanese forces" are quick to make disparaging remarks about the regular troops.

because "they get in the way" of they never finish the job."

Falangist sources say the new resident. who takes president, who takes office or separate of the president of takes office or separate of the president of takes army and the "Lebanese forcer" by introducing conscription for everyone and intergrating the two tax.

Young men in Falangist-heid areas already do 15 months con pulsory military service with the militia, regardless of their or their families' political views.

The sources say leftist militing would be called on to dissolve. themselves and sign up too, though the Murabitoun, the most powerful indigenous lighting forces in west Beirut, has so far insintered it will only cooperate with the army when the government makes fighting Israel the army's first price

The Lebanese army would like stepped-up military credits from the United States to buy new vehicles and equipment, but the state department has said it has no plans to beyond existing levels of military aid to Lebanon.

The Lebanese air force still uses British-made Hawker Hunters dating from the late 1950s.



Foreign diplomats in Beirut do not need to go too far in order to do their daily shopping

By Robert Basler

BEIRUT — People who need to visit the British embassy in Lebanon these days ask for directions to Bouri's supermarket, where they find the ambassador sitting just about over the hardware dep-

The West German embassy is up the road a few kilometres occupying two rooms at Our Lady of Lebanoo Hospital. And in the high-ceilinged but cramped town hall at Jouniel, consulate staff from the United States, Canada and several other countries share desks and telephones to handle passport and visa queries from anyone with the patience to make

the 20-km trip from Beirut. The bombs and rockets of Lebanon's receot conflict between Israel and the Palestinians bave lorced diplomats to take what they can get in the way of office space. Ising homes, shops and hotel tooms. So Beirut's embassy row is

now widely scattered. Despite the evacuation of Palestinian troops and the Lebanese overnment's new security plan. the ambassadors are not rushing back to west Beirut, where their "hoasies stand with varying deglomats seem to be wary of being the first to re-enter west Beirut.

"We don't want to go back and find out we have to pull out again," says U.S. Ambassador Robert Dillon, whose residence in the elegant suburb of Yarze now serves as the American embassy. with the help of crude temporary trailers set up beyond the Lavender Bougainvillaea.

Mr. Dillon says the U.S. embassy suffered rocket damage in two offices and "tons of broken glass," but that physical damage is not his main concern in deciding when to return. He plans to talk with Lebanese officials shortly, he says, to learn how soon they believe the western part of the city will be truly safe.

And he will not be surprised, he says, if his decision on when to go back into west Beirut is the signal for which other diplomats are waiting, "When you're the American embassy, a lot of people wait to see what you're going to do," he

Not all of west Beirur's embassies are empty, of course. Eastern bloc countries withstood serve damage to their property but declined to make what for them would have been a politically unp-

Despite the evacuation of Palestinian troops and the Lebanese government's new security plan, the ambassadors are not rushing back to west Beirut, where their embassies stand with varying degrees of battle damage. Indeed, diplomats seem to be wary of being the first to re-enter west Beirut.

Not all of west Beirut's embassies are empty, of course. Eastern bloc countries withstood severe damage to their property but declined to make what for them would have been a politically unpleasant move from the leftist-held area.



leasant move from the leftist-held

Among Western diplomats a few, like the Norwegians, never left, and the Canadians left very late in the fighting. Belgian Amb-assador H.D. Seggesser De Brunegg says his country maintained a small operation in the West throughout the war, even when power failures meant walking to the 15th-floor office.

The French suffered two crippling blows in the fighting, losing virtually all use of their embassy, and seeing their grand ambassadorial residence, located at the bloody museum crossing between east and west Beirut, reduced to ruins.

A second residence, in the town of Baabda, now serves as the embassy, and ambassador Paul Marc Henry even manages to find one positive aspect to his temporary

"We are nor more convenient to the new government -- we're in presidential territory," he says, referring to his proximity to the palace soon to be occupied by

President-elect Bashir Gemayel. There have been fears that Lebanon's new president, a former

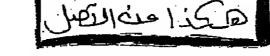
permanently relocate in the largely Christian eastern part of Beirut, instead of the Muslim west, although Italian Ambassador Franco Ottieri says the opposite should be the case.

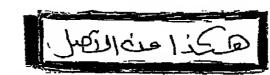
"Before, there was a definite pressure from the Christians and Falangists to have us in the east. Now the government wants a united Beirut, so there should be no

more pressure," he said. Mr. Ottieri said bis staff are slowly restoring the west Beirut embassy, but that be bas set no date for return. "We want to look around for another week to see what happens -- that's what all the major embassies are doing."

Likewise, British Ambassador David Roberts says he hopes to return to the west as soon as possible, but that he might well establish a small visa, office in East Beirut.

The British originally found space in a Cyprus Airways office before moving to their present suburbao supermarket location. But illustrating that there are few really safe spots in the area, Mr. Roberts could watch from his window this week as a Syrian Mig. Falangist militia commander, shot down by an Israeli jet, smomight campaign to have embassies uldered just up the bill.





By Frank Gray

LONDON - The onceggressive drive to broaden cometition in Western Europe's airnes is now becoming bogged own in the hureaucracy of the amopean Economic Community EEC). It is also losing much of its hurst because of the financial criis besetting the world's airlines. The biggest blow to the refmers, mostly Europe's smaller perators, came with the collapse way ast February of Britain's Laker irways, headed by Sir Freddie aker, the champion of priceatting and free competition on. nternational routes by airlines. Buoyed by the success of his Transatlantic Skytrain service in

he late 1970s, he had been a vocferous critic of the EEC for not ipplying the rules of competition imbodied in the Treaty of Rome Two European air operations. The reaty serves as the constituional pasis for free trade within the en-nation economic grouping.

His attacks on the community

the irew support from other ind-

all the state of

Fares reform campaign loses momentum in Europe ependent airlines, such as Dan-Air and Brittania of the U.K. and

LTU of Germany, and from a number of elected members of the recently established European Parliament, such as Britain's Lord Bethell.

The community itself indicated that Laker's claim was valid, and set in motion several measures to examine the issue of competition and how reforms might be app-lied. This added to the growing belief that sometime in the 1980s Europe would be turned into a fully deregulated region similar to the United States, with wid-esrpead competition among big and small carriers and a full range of competitive fares.

At stake in the argument is a share in the largest volume of regional international air traffic in the world. Some 40 million international passenger journeys take place each year within Europe. This is 35 per cent of all intoss the Atlantic each year -- about 9 per cent of the world total.

Laker's collapse, however, has strengthened opposition to change by the big, mainly state-owned or state-guided airlines, all member of the International Air Transport Association (IATA).

Net losses by the 20 European scheduled IATA airlines last year totalled \$700 million, compared with \$900 million the year before. High losses are expected again this year, with British Airways alone expecting to record a loss of \$300 million or more. Hand-in-hand with these fin-

ancial deficits is mushrooming overcapacity worldwide, which has put pressure on the independents to protect their own largely charter operations rather than take on the IATA carriers at a time when neither can afford it.

It is a paradox that diminished

ernational passenger journeys, interest by the small airlines in and compares with 10 million acrtain degree of tactical, if confused, progress on the issue within the administration of the EEC.

The European Commission, the Council of Transport Ministers, the European Parliament and many senior transportation and competition officials in Brussels generally agree that the Rome Treaty's competition articles technically do apply to civil aviation inside the community. The rub is that they have never been made to apply in any collective way.

The result is that a complex network of bilateral accords between individual countries that has existed since World War II continues to be the basis for commercial air operations in Europe. Community officials agree that

their general support for reform comouflages the fact that the EEC has no clear idea of its long-term objectives on air transport. Does it

want Europe to be border -- and customs-free and wide open to competition, like the U.S.? Or does it want to maintain priority rights for "national" airlines ope-

rating out of their own countries? Added to this, the EEC must consider the needs of such countries as Spain and Portugal, both of which are to join the EEC in the next few years, as well as the interests of Sweden, Norway, Finland, Switzerland and Austria,

which have no plans to join. As one senior aviation official in Brussels said: "What we are talking about is a reform programme lasting not two or three years, as Laker saw it, but taking up to 30 years - certainly well into the 21st century."

Commission's proposal

The European Commission, the supranational executive watchdog which oversees community affairs,

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last year issued a proposal to the their national airlines. But a June community's Council of Transport Ministers seeking support for the application of Rome Treaty rules to aviation.

The proposal, still under consideration, requires EEC nations to supply Brussels with data on commercial air operations. Once assessed, this information would from the basis of a new and more competitive order, even though it would take years to complete.

In its proposal, the commission noted that it "has not the power to enforce the rules of competition efficiently and consistently visa-vis the airlines. In order to conduct investigations and secure the termination of infringements, it is dependent on the co-operation of the appropriate national aut-

Early indications are that the Council of Trasnport Ministers will not back any notable weakening of the pre-eminence of council meeting did support the idea of broader participation in intra-European air services by third-tier, regional carriers, such as Brittany Air of France, or Cro-

ssair of Zurich. The hitch is that such carriers would be able to operate aircraft of no more than 50-60 seats and would not serve the main metropolitan airports.

The commission last year also issued a directive on air fares to member states, requiring them to submit marketing and tariff evaulation information. Implicit in this was the commission's view that prices in Europe were fixed and would benefit from less regulation.

An immediate development of the directive is a joint airline proposal to ereate a "hand of flexibility" in air fares -- similar to one now in effect over the Atlantic within which individual airlines

could alter fares without recourse to reciprocal approval by other countries. The proposal is currently under consideration by the European Civil Aviation Conference, which also embraces non-EEC airlines.

The idea is a welcome one to British Airways, which has been almost alone among Europe's major carriers in proposing fares reforms over the past three decades. It has recently thrown its weight behind the idea of setting up five "shuttle" service hubs wit-hin Europe, from which all of Europe's major centres could be

served on a non-reservation basis. British Airways' concern is that it takes nearly two years for a new fare, from the point of conception, to be brought into effect.

The overall average fares difference between Europe and the U.S. is now little more than 20 per cent compared to up to 100 per cent a few years ago, though there is still room for improvement, says British Airways.

-- Financial Times news feature

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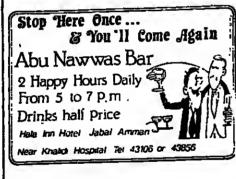
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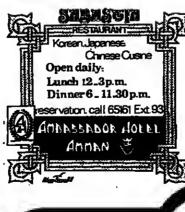
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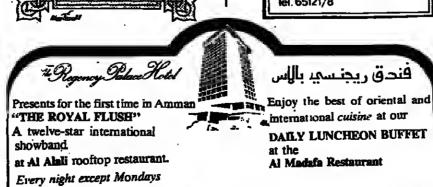


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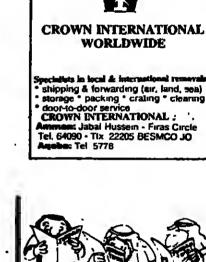


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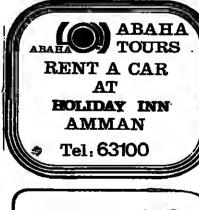


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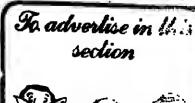








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Nastase becomes the unlikeliest of sentimental favourites at U.S. Open

NEW YORK (R) — For years Ilie Nastase has been the man tennis crowds love to hate, his brilliant touch with the racket overshadowed by interminable clowning and boorish court beh-

But Sunday, well past his tennis prime and down to 97th in the world rankings, the 36-year-old Romanian became the unlikeliest of sentimental favourites at the U.S. Open Tennis Chainpionships.

He responded to an adoring gallery of about 15,000 at the National Tennis Centre by battling back to record one of the toumament's higgest upsets when he beat 10th-seeded Johan Kriek of South Africa 4-6, 7-6, 6-7, 6-3, 6-2 to reach the last 16 in the 13-day \$1.5 million tournament.

Even a \$1,000 fine imposed gainst Nastase for "abuse of an official" in the last game of the tense, three-hour and 25-minute match failed to dim the lustre of his triumph.

Later, discussing the supportive gallery, Nastase said: "it was a nice change. Years ago, they were aiways agamst me."

In other matches Sunday top seed John McEnroe, fourth seed Guillermo Vilas of Argentina and Eliot Teltscher of the U.S. (8) all went through to the fourth round.

Vilas eliminated Mike Depalmer of the U.S. 6-3, 7-5, 4-6, 6-1 and Teltscher ousted Chris Lewis of New Zealand 4-6, 7-5, 6-3, 6-0,

Another 36-year-old veteran, Jame Fillol of Chile, who has fallen to 137 in the world rankings, produced a minor upset when he downed Fritz Buehning of the U.S. 7-6, 3-6, 6-2, 6-2 to enter

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the last 16. Tom Gullikson of the U.S. eliminated Chip Hooper, who had upset 16th seed Roscoe Tanner on

In the women's event, second seeded Chris Lloyd, aiming for her sixth Open crown, routed Kate Latham of the U.S. 6-2, 6-1. Lloyd has dropped only five games in three matches.

Of the five other women seeds who advanced to the last 16 Sunday, only sixth-seeded Wendy Turnhull of Australia had to struggle in defeating Claudia Kohde of West Germany 7-5, 5-7, 6-3.

Americans Andrea Jaeger,

Kathy Rinaldi, Bonnie Gadusek, Zina Garrison and amateur Gretchen Rush all went through in straight sets.

Sunday night, Wimhledon Champion Jimmy Connors and fellow American Steve Denton advanced against stuhborn opp-

Connors, who will face old rival Nastase in the next round, won his third-round match against 18year-old Jimmy Arias of the United States 6-4, 4-6, 6-4, 6-1.

Denton, the 12th seed, rallied in another all-American match for a 4-6, 6-2, 3-6, 6-3, 6-3 victory over Mel Purcell.

McEnroe, who had a 6-3, 6-2, 6-3 victory over Vince van Patten Sunday, will Monday meet unheralded Matt Doyle of the U.S. while Martina Navratilova, seeking her 41st consecutive victory, faces 15th seed Andrea Leand of

In other featured fourth-round pairings, third-seeded Ivan Lendl of Czechoslovakia will try to avenge a French Open loss to 11th seed Mats Wilander of Sweden.

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Sixth seed Gene Mayer of the U.S. verge of going down 2-0 in sets faces veteran Boh Lutz of the U.S. when he fell behind 6-5 after squfaces veteran Boh Lutz of the U.S. and ninth-seeded Yannick Noah of France plays Kim Warwick of

But no other victory Sunday could overshadow that of Nastase. whose best showing this year in four tournaments had been a quarterfinal appearance.

Turning back the calendar to his glory years of a decade ago, when he won the U.S. Open and reigned as one of the game's superstars. Nastase electrified the stadium crowd with his brilliant play against a rival 14 years younger.

andering a 5-0 lead. But he then held service and won the first tiehreaker 7-2.

When he dropped the third set tiebreaker 10-8 Nastase seemed. doomed. But then, with the gallery willing him on, he won the fourth set 6-3 to square the match.

Kriek saved two match points but then struck an easy foreband volley long and, on the final match point, drove a backhand volley beyond the baseline.

'He loses control." Nastase said of his younger rival. "He The Romanian appeared on the doesn't know how to play safe."

Peete wins B.C. Golf Open

ENDICOTT, New York (R) - Calvin Peete, now firmly established as the finest hlack player in golf, won the \$275,000 B.C. Open by seven strokes with a tournament-record total of 19-under-par 265

Peete won the \$49,500 top prize and his third tournament victory of the year by shooting a final-round 69. Jerry Pate, despite slumping to a two-over-par round of 73, was second and collected \$29,700. Peete got off to an ominous start with a double bogey on the first hole that immediately put him behind both Pate and Fuzzy Zoeller.

But Zoeller went on to suffer three double-bogeys of his own. Pate carded a double-hogey and three bogeys on the back nine and Peete was able to Waltz home with a commanding win. "I drove the ball particularly well today and unfortunately Fuzzy

and Jerry didn't," Peete said. Zoeller finished with a 76 for third place on 273.

SFF allows 3rd foreign player

MADRID (R) - The Spanish Foothall Federation (SFF) has decided to permit clubs to sign a third foreigner as reserve in case either of the others is ill or injured.

At its annual meeting Sunday night, the federation agreed to the change which at present affects six first division clubs--Real Madrid, Barcelona, Valencia, Espa Ol of Barcelona, Real Valladolid and Malaga-who each recently signed a third foreign player.

The six clubs had hoped to be allowed to field three foreigners in European Cup matches hut the question was not discussed.

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RED SEA -

Mario Andretti may drive

for Ferrari MARANELLO, Italy (R) -

Former world motor-racing chainpion Mario Andretti will this week discuss the possibility of driving for Ferrari in the Italian Grand Prix at Monza on September 12, a Ferrari spokesman said Sunday night.

The 42-year-old American arrived here on Friday for talks with the Italian team whose French number one driver Didier Pironi was hadly injured last month in practice for the West German Grand Prix

Andretti drove for Alfa Romeo last season hut so far this year he has driven only in the U.S. Grand Prix at Long Beach when he entered in a Williams

He has won 12 Grand Prix races in his career, including one behind the wheel of a Ferrari when be raced for the Italian team in 1971 and 1972.

Ferrari are confident that Frenchman Patrick Tamhay, who is undergoing treatment in Switzerland for a bruised spinal nerve, will be fit to enter the Monza Grand Prix, the spokesman said.

Seb Coe at centre of scare

LONDON (R) - Britain's triple world record holder Sebastian Coe was at the centre of a scare Sunday over a missing entry for the 1,500 metres in the European Athletics Championships that started in Athens Monday,

A secretary at the British Ama-teur Athletic Board (BAAB) office here came to the rescue by finding the copy of a telex confirming Coe's entry, and it was sent to Athens early Monday. The drama started earlier Sun-

day when championship orgmisers said they knew nothing of Coe's entry-and warned British officials that without proof of entry the 800 and 1,000 metres and mile world record holder could not compete in the 1,500 in Athens.

After telephone calls to London, BAAB official Cecil Dale managed to contact office secretary Jackie Surtees, who located the telex in a file in the office.

Coe was due to run the 800 mettain to compete in the 1,500 when compatriot Steve Ovett withdrew last Thursday because of a hamstring injury.

5th Circle, Jabal Amman.

furnished.

World Cup finals: Hard blow to Soviet soccer saviour

the saviour of Soviet soccer, but sideration. this year's World Cup finals in Spain dealt a severe blow to Konstantin Beskov's popularity and ambitions.

Amidst a harrage of criticism in the Soviet press over his handling of the squad in Spain, Beskov decided last month to step down as coach of the national eleven and concentrate his energies on managing Moscow Spartak.

Beskov, 61, the Soviet Union's

most successful manager, told Reuters it was his own decision to hand over to his chief assistant Valery Lobanovsky. "It was my opinion that the nat-

ional coach should be freed from other duties... Now I want to concentrate on Spartak."

At the same time tough-talking Beskov hit hack at his critics and said the Soviet squad had performed well against strong opposition in the opening round of the finals in Spain.

"Those who criticise me believe that what they say is justified, hut soccer critics know foothall only from outside. They don't know what goes on in the backroom." he

Beskov, speaking shortly before a League match in Moscow's magnificent Lenin Stadium, said: "A trainer plans one thing and it turns out quite different on the pitch. But we played well against Brazil, New Zealand and Scotland."

The Soviet Union qualified for the second final round after being heaten 2-1 by Brazil, winning 3-0 against New Zealand, and holding Scotland to a 2-2 draw after conceding an early goal.

But after a disappointing goa-

lless draw with Poland, the Soviet press turned against the man who had rescued and revitalised Soviet

The sports daily Sovietsky Sport referred in a series called "lessons of the World Championship in Spain," to tactical errors by the trainers in the match against Poland and criticised training met-

The Trade Union daily Trud said Beskov's "coaching collective" had argued over strategy and training, affecting the team's overall performance.

Beskov did not say if press criignation. But an official assessment of the Soviet performance in Spain by the game's governing body would probably

MOSCOW (R) - He was hailed have been an important con-

A meeting of the Committee of Physical Culture and Sport in July. attended by Beskov, decided "the performance of the Soviet squad in Spain was unsatisfactory.' An account of the meeting pub-

lished in Sovietsky Sport said: 'The national squad's training programme for the European Championships and Olympic Games has been reviewed. Steps will be taken to raise the standard of Soviet football."

Almost a month later, the official news agency TASS announced Beskov was to be succeeded by 43-year-old Dynamo Kiev coach Lobanovsky. It did not say when the decision was rea-

TASS said Lohanovsky would stay on with Kiev until the end of the season in mid-November hefore devoting himself entirely to managing the national side.

Lohanovsky will do well to match the record of his predecessor who modestly claims to have achieved "some success since taking over the national squad in

Beskov succeeded Nikita Simonyan, whose dismissal was announced a month after Sergei Pav- Glasgow Rangers 2-3.

lov, chairman of the State Sports Committee, criticised his record

At that time, the Soviet national team had failed to reach the World Cup finals in Argentina and were making a poor showing in the quahifying stages of the European Championships.

It was not long, however, before ex-Moscow Dynamo forward -Beskov moulded an exciting side around the individual hrilliance of Dynamo Tbilisi and the strength and team-work of Dynamo Kiev.

That mixture took the Soviet Union through their eight World Cup qualifying games unbeaten, scoring 20 goals and conceding just two.

The squad also boasted three of the top 10 places in the 1981 European Footballer of the Year poli. Kiev winger Oleg Blokhin was fifth and Tbilisi duo Ramaz Shengelia and Alexander Chivadze were seventh and eighth res-

pectively. Beskov, who as a player scored 103 goals in 23I League matches, was a highly successful cluh manager. In 1972, under his guidance. Dynamo Moscow became the first Soviet team to qualify for a European club tournament final-the Cup Winners Cup. They lost to

Holinghaus European glider champion



Ricti (DaD) -- "Winning is good for husiness," said West Gernar aircraft designer, engineer and glider pilot Klaus Holinghaus. (below) on winning the European title on his eighth flight round the 219.2 km point-to-point course in Rieti, Italy. At next year's world cliampionships in Hobbs, New Mexico, many pilots will fly the Nimbus 3 (above), designed and built by Holinghaus, but the European champ will not be among the competitors; he failed to qualify at the last German championships!

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Trouble at the Pope's Bank New light on the Ambrosiano scandal (Europe cover

A fresh start in the Middle East The Reagan initiative in the Middle East (behind the president's proposals)

The pipeline war- searching for a compromise (the president eases his stand)

China looks ahead (Deng buries Maoism)

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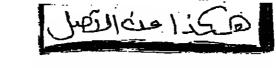
Volkswagen Beach Buggy, 1978 model, colour navy blue. Customs duties unpaid. Excellent condition. Covered 21,000 kms. only. Used by one person only.

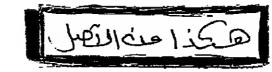
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ilable.





blow IMF-World Bank talks to focus on global recession, international debt

TORONTO (R) - World financial leaders open a four-day conference Monday that will focus on policies for coping with the persistent global recession and the shaky international debt str-

The annual meetings of the Intemational Monetary Fund (IMF) and World Bank take place at a time of deep concern about prospects for economic recovery and the dangers posed by debt prohlems in Mexico, Eastern Europe and parts of Africa

Finance ministers, central hankers and other economic officials from more than 140 countries have already had several days of preliminary meetings in Toronto leading up to Monday's formal

IMF Managing Director Jacques de Larosiere and World Bank President Tom Clausen will address the gathering this morning and Canadian Prime Minister Pierre Trudeau will welcome the del-

As in previous years, a main feature of the preliminary discussions has been the clash between poor countries demanding more aid and rich nations contending that the Third World should first put its economic house in

The poorer countries are seeking a substantial shoring up of the IMF's resources so that the global litter charge lending agency will be better able to meet their needs.

This could be accomplished by increasing the so-called quotas of member countries, the amounts they pay into the IMF based on

The United States, which because of its economic size must contribute more than any other member, is resisting the idea of a hig quota increase. But it has found itself alone among the industrial democracies in taking that pos-

While opposing a substantial jump in quotas, the United States has floated the idea of a special fund that could be used to belp financially troubled countries such

The idea has won little support from the other industrial countries, and many West European nations see it as an attempt to deflect attention from what they consider a pressing need to raise more revenues for the IMF through quota increases.

In another effort to avert financial crises like the one in Mexico, a high U.S. official Sunday urged countries in trouble not to wait until the last minute before seeking help.

The official told reporters that Mexico could have come to the IMF earlier for assistance. Except for Mexico and Pland,

which also has heavy debt hurdens, the official did not name countries that might be in difficulty. But he suggested that other cases could arise. "We put one finger in the dike

for Poland, another finger in the dike for Mexico," he said. "I suspect what we will have to do is to put more fingers in."

Diplomatic sources said some technical problems had arisen in final negotiations on a \$1.85 hiltheir national incomes and other lion rescue package assembled for

Mexico by Western central hanks. participant." People come here to They said Mexican officials had been talking with central hankers

in Toronto and it was expected discussions would continue Monday on ways of overcoming the complications.

At the same time Argentina was reported to have said that in order to speed rescheduling of its \$37 billion in foreign debt, it is ready to end financial sanctions imposed a downtown Toronto botel. against Britain during the Falkland Islands crisis.

Monetary sources said Arg-Jorge Wehbe, had made this known to bankers attending the meetings in Toronto.

Debt defaults

TORONTO (R) — The bordes of bankers who come each year to the annual meeting of the IMF have a new worry preying on their minds this time.

It is the spectre of a chain of massive debt defaults by countries they have lent vast sums of money to, starting in Latin America and

stretching right across the globe. "I wish to hell I didn't have them," said one Canadian referring to the credits to Mexico piled up on his bank's halance

"I'm scared stiff," another hanker told Reuters, speaking of the dangers of an international financial crisis. The annual IMF meeting reg-

ularly brings together crowds of bankers and monetary officials from more than 140 countries. "It is the financial world's biggest social event of the year." said one on colossal loans.

meet each other, to talk and to do husiness.

In addition to 1.800 official delegates from national finance ministries and central banks, there are 1,800 bankers and financiers present this year in Toronto.

The actual IMF meeting is a formal speech-making occasion in the luxurious conference rooms of

But the important work is done informally, at private meetings of ministers, officials and hankers entina's new Economy Minister, and in a whirl of lavish cocktail parties and dinners.

A main theme of this year's conference is an anguished plea from the developing countries for more

cash aid. The response of the industrial nations has been to insist on tough economic policies as a condition

for extra loans. The conference itself cost around \$10 million to put on, IMF officials say, and participants and visitors are expected to spend up to twice that much during their stay. Outside the conference centre, the streets are crowded with plush limousines.

But behind all this opulence lurks the increasingly dramatic split between the rich nations and the poor.

Despite fears for their own halance sbeets, most Western hankers say they are confident that the system will be resilient enough to withstand a collapse.

But for the developing countries the prospect is one simply of debt and more debt, as they fight to find money to pay the interest

Japanese start discussions with Soviets to increase steel exports

TOKYO (R) — Japanese manufacturers of large steel pipes Monday opened discussions with Soviet traders on increasing supplies to the Soviet Union from next April, steel industry sources said.

The sources could not rule out the possibility that some large-bore pipes might be used for the gas pipeline from Siberia to Western Europe, which the United States is trying to block through trade

Japanese companies are contracted to provide the Soviet Union with 795,000 tonnes of pipes in the financial year ending next March and sources close to the talks said they hoped to supply at least one million tonnes in the following 12 months.

The sources said Moscow was thought to be prepared to huy the one million tonnes the companies want to supply. Most of the pipes would be for oil drilling, oil installations and oil pipelines.

They said the Russians were expected to ask for new export credits from the Japanese Export-Import Bank to finance any urders after April, on top of the \$400 million of credit being used to finance current exports of Japanese pipe. The sources reported some pressure from the United States in

connection with new credits, but declined to be more specific. The Reagan administration opposes the provision of cheap credit to the Soviet Union.

Should the Kremlin ask for such funds, negotiations would have to take place between the bank and the Soviet Foreign Trade Ministry, the Japanese sources said.

The four companies taking part in Monday's talks were Nippon Steel Corporation, Sumitomo Metal Industries Ltd, Kawasaki Steel

Corporation and Nippon Kokan KK. The Soviet traders were from the Soviet Metals Import Corporation, Promsyrioimport.

Trade unions challenge

Thatcher's government

BRIGHTON, England (R) - Britain's trade unions, hattered by dwindling membership and rising unemployment, began their annual conference Monday with a challenge to the tough new labour laws of Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher's Conservative government.

The governing body of the Trades Union Congress (TUC) is asking delegates representing 11 million workers to endorse a call for stoppages of at least one hour on Sept. 22 in support of a 24-hour strike by health service workers.

The health workers are seeking a 12 per cent pay rise, but the government has refused to offer more than 7.5 per cent to nurses and six per cent to ancillary workers.

Arthur Scargill, the militant mineworkers' leader, has already called a 24-hour pit strike and leaders of transport and print unions have also pledged support.

But most sympathy strikes are banned under present labour legislation. Last month the high court ruled that a strike in support of the health workers by electricians, which halted production of national newspapers for one day, contravened the 1980 employment act.

Despite their concerted support for the health workers. Britain's trade unions are in their weakest condition since the 1930s, according to industry sources.

With 3.3 million workers registered as unemployed, union funds have diminished and membership has fallen by about one million since the end of 1979.

"Congress is meeting at a time of great, and growing, problems for our country," the General Secretary of the TUC, len Murray, told reporters on the eve of the annual conference. 'The hattering the economy has received makes it ever more

difficult for unions to defend jobs and living standards in industries struggling to survive," he said. some of the key issues delegates will debate over the next five days

include a proposal to restructure the TUC to make it more representative, a campaign against industrial relations legislation and union opposition to the government's sale of nationalised industry assets to the public. The dehate on the structure of the general council, the TUC's

governing body, is a major issue because of its effect on the TUC's political halance, congress sources said. Left-wing unionists are opposed to a proposal to give automatic

representation on the council to unions with more than 100,000 members as this would favour the right-wing unions, the sources said. Delegates will also vote on the question of whether the TUC should withdraw from the national economic development council, a

tripartite body of government, unions and employers, on the grounds it would be wrong to consort with a government seen as hostile to the trade union movement. Other issues among almost 80 on the agenda this week include

industrial welfare, a wages plan to eliminate low pay and renewed demands for withdrawal from the European Community.

Paris to give priority to curb inflation, unemployment

PARIS (R) - French Prime Min- in contrast to other West Eurister Pierre Mauroy bas reaffirmed the reformist principles on which is socialist government was elected last year but said priority for the next 18 months must be to scurh inflation and reduce une-

"We must show the utmost strictness to reach our political amb-. itions... it is indispensable that for the next 18 months we have a policy of managing and controlling told reporters Sunday in the northem town of Lille, where he is

He said such a policy would enable President Francois Mitterrand to achieve his political aims through the ninth national plan, due to set out French economic goals from 1984.

But he added that while France,

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THE BETTER HALF

opean countries, had succeeded in stopping unemployment rising, its economy needed to grow by at least four per cent annually to create new jobs.

He said the French economy had grown at an annual 1.7 per cent over the last year compared to the government's goal of three

Mr. Mauroy denied the wage government in June and due to end on October 31, represented a change in French economic thinking to the more conservative policies pursued by many of France's European Community partners.

He said the freeze should help hring French inflation down to an annual 10 per cent by the end of

By Vinson

LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON (R) - Leading shares and government bonds were generally slightly lower after a quiet session, dealers said. The Financial Times index at 1500 was down 2.5 at 593.7. Trading was slow after the rise in U.S. money supply announced

late Friday and New York markets provided no lead this afternoon because of the U.S. Labour Day holiday, dealers added. ICI was unchanged at 292 hat GKN, Glaxo and Thorn were all 5p down. British Aerospace firmed another 9p to 264 on the chairman's optimism at the Farnborough air show.

Gold shares moved ahead with the hullion price and North Americans were also higher.

downs, and ended with falls ranging to around 3/8 point at the long Interim results from S. Pearson disappointed the market and

Grand Met, which denied reports it was discussing the sale of U.S. interests, ended 2p down at 284 while Imperial group, reported to be an interested party, was down 11/2p at 102.

the shares ended 9p down at 278 after 270.

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES not received today.

Peanuts



When you are looking under your dresser for something you've lost, don't bump your head





Mutt 'n' Jeff







Andy Capp



WELL, WE'RE DUE TO VISIT MY MUM -AN' I'D LIKETO POP INTO THE JUMBLE SALE AT ST. MARKS --AN' WE REALLY MUST CALL IN TO SEE EDNA'S NEW BABY...





FORECAST FOR TUESDAY, SEPT. 7, 1982

YOUR DAILY from the Carroll Righter Institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: A wonderful day for you to extend your influence beyond present boundaries. Make constructive plana to gain your aims. Be more alert to what's going on around you.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Don't wait until the last minute to do your regular shopping. Be more cooperative with others. Be more optimistic.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) You are able to handle your duties in a positive manner now. Find a different kind of amusement to enjoy.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Handle your correspondence and communications better and you can be more successful in the future. Be logical.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) You are able to handle your work more efficiently now and can cooperate more with allies.

LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Take advantage of an opportunity and profit from a special talent you have. Enjoy good friends during spare time. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Seize an opportunity to

make the situation at home more harmonious. A new plan needs more atudy to be successful. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) If you tell your associates

what you expect of them, this will lead to a better understanding. Strive for happiness. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Discusa your ambitions with higher-ups and they will help you get ahead. Not a

good day for taking risks. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Seek the aid of othera in activities that mean much to you. Postpone

handling an uncertain business matter. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Get your biggest ideas whittled down to practical aize and then seek the

support you need. Maintain your poise. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Good day to get together with friends and be of mutual help to one another. Relax at home tonight.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) An important business matter could cause worry early in the day but by evening all is okay. Express happiness.

IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY . . . he or ahe will do well in any profession that requires much talking, such as sales, the law, teaching and the like. The field of imports and exports would also be good. Don't neglect ethical training early in life.

"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

THE Daily Crossword By Carol Dutting

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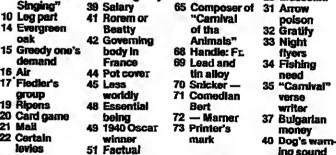
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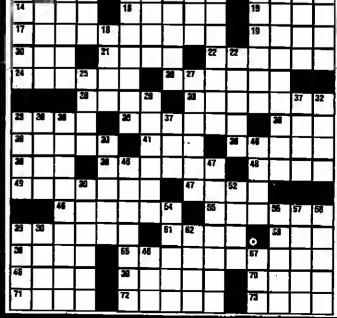
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one letter to each square, to form

four ordinary words.

assigned a very understanding parole office."

JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME
by Henri Arrold and Bob Lee

WORLD

Underground Solidarity leaders Rome's new man in Sicily promised plan general strike as next step

WROCLAW, Poland (R) — Underground leaders of the suspended trade union Solidarity in western Poland have hailed last week's street demonstrations as a success and told workers in the area to prepare for a possible general strike.

A clandestine bulletin also carried a statement by regional union officials calling on all workers in the Upper Silesia area to observe one minute of silence at noon on Thursday to honour three people known to have died in the clashes

The authorities have dismissed the disturbances which spread through 34 of Poland's 49 provinces as "incidental" and said they were caused by hooligans and anti-Socialist forces but not, generally, by workers_

It was the first response to the nationwide incidents to have filtered through from the underground. There has been no reaction yet from a national coordination body.

The statements came in a bulletin made available in the nearby eity of Luhin Sunday where more than 4,000 people attended a requiem mass for two local workers shot dead by security forces on

The third victim in the region was a 27-year-old worker shot after security forces came under attack from a crowd throwing stones and petrol bombs in some of the worst clashes stemming from the pro-Solidarity dem-

The government has said it will not consider changing its policies under the pressure of such demonstrations. It has signalled a tougher approach to what it calls anti-Socialist opposition figures held responsible for the dem-

Death toll now 5

WROCLAW, Poland (R) - A 28-year-old miner has died from gunshot wounds in the coppermining town of Luhin, hringing to five the number of reported deaths resulting from last week's demonstrations against martial law in Poland, official sources

The sources in Wroclaw, centre

of the southeastern mining region, said Michael Adamowicz was one of 14 people reported wounded when police fired on demonstrators marking the second anniversary of agreements opening the way for the independent trade union Solidarity.

Two men were shot dead in the Luhin disturbances, one was shot in Wroclaw, and another died of internal injuries in the northern port of Gdansk.

The Wroclaw victim, Kazimierz Michalczyk, is to be huried Tue-

sday, officials said. The authorities Monday maintained an g p.m. to 5 a.m. curfew in main cities of the region for those under 18 hut relaxed it to start at 11 p.m. for those over 18.

Marcos might

cutive committee

Mr. Marcos, who will be 65 on Saturday and who was elected for another six-year term last year, told the news conference he might retire when his current presidential term ends in 1987.

All this is part of a campaign

aimed at presenting an image of

More open atmosphere

sweeping powers against the mafia

PALERMO, Sieily (R) — The Italian government's new anti-mafia police chief took over from his murdered predecessor Monday. armed with the promise of sweeping new powers against organised crime.

Emmanuele de Francesco, appointed prefect of Palermo Sunday, flew into Punta Raisi airport and immediately went under heavy guard to meetings with security

His arrival on the Mediterranean island contrasted with that of his predecessor, Gen. Carlo Alberto Dalla Chiesa, who had symbolically dispensed with his guards at the airport and taken a taxi to the office.

Mr. de Francesco has been promised sweeping new powers-denied to Gen. Dalla Chiesa-in the fight against the mafia chieftains who are held res-

PARIS (R) — A French gov-

ernment delegation left for New

Delhi Monday, to discuss int-

ernational controls over France's

supply of nuclear fuel for India's

U.S.-built Tarapur nuclear power

The delegation was led by Jac-

ques Andreani, head of the ext-

ernal relations ministry's political

Indian press reports have said

that India may refuse to consider

any new controis on nuclear fuel

usage, other than those agreed

with the United States in a 1963

France recently agreed to con-

sider supplying low-enriched ara-

nium fuel for the Tarapur plant,

division, a statement said.

accord.

the general and his wife.

Police have continued to raid homes of known mafiosi throughout western Sicily's "triangle of death", questioning over 120 suspects in their hunt for the ass-

But the head of Palermo's flying squad told reporters that alibi ehecks, ehemical tests for firearms use and madhlocks had yielded no concrete leads so far.

Judicial sources said Mr. de Francesco's mandate was expected to include powers to investigate bank accounts and investments that prosecutors have been trying for years to link with the mafia.

Gen. Dalla Chiesa had heen studying a secret report which is believed to break new ground in tracing the network through which the mafia "launders" profits from

aspects of the fuel deliveries put

off a planned visit to New Delhi

pending political talks on the

France abides by the "London

club" rules on exports of nuclear

fuels and technology which inc-

lude controls by the Vienna-based

International Atomic Energy

Agency (IAEA).
India has not signed the non-

proliferation act and U.S. officials

say the plutonium produced by

reprocessing could be used for

nuclear weapons, as well as ref-

During a visit to India last

month, French External Relations

Minister Claude Cheysson said

France wanted guarantees that the

material resulting from rep-

rocessing would be subject to the

French atomic energy com-

mission head Michel Pecqueur is

also expected to have talks with

Indian atomic energy commission

usual IAEA control.

uelling the Tarapur reactor.

ponsible for Friday's murders of the heroin trade back to Sicily, the sources said.

The new prefect, who is well known in the Sicilian capital where he was a senior police officer for over a decade, was formerly the head of ftaly's internal security and intelligence service.

Prime Minister Giovanni Spadolini told parliament Sunday that sweeping new anti-mafia legislation was imminent. He said it would enable the new prefect to attack the mafia's husiness interests and trace profits from drugs.

The U.S. drug enforcement administration says a conservative estimate puts mafia profits from the Sicily-New York beroin trade at over \$600 million since 1976. Prosecutors believe most of the cash finds its way back to the isl-

Khmer Rouge say Hanoi has sent 1000 more troops

minister was arrested.

NEWS

BRIEF

6 more charged

with complicity in

LONDON (R) — Six more

on trial before a military come

Tehran Monday for their part in

coup plot led by former coup plot led by former coup plot led by former coup minister Sadeq Colbzadeh, news agency IRNA representation of the six and the six and

conspirators of Qotbzadeh"

alleged plot which the I-

government said was

April when the former for

ple, including two colonels

Ootbzadeh plot

BANGKOK (R) - Vietnam has sent about 1.000 more troops in western Kampuchea to fight anti-Vietnamese guerrillas figbting along the Thai border, ourted Khmer Rouge insurgents said Monday. The Voice of Denocratic Kampuchea, the Khmer Rouge's China-based clandestine radio, said the reinforcements were sent at the end of August and were composed of new recruits. Vietnam denied the reiinforcement charge at the web-

Mrs. Gandhi visits veteran politician in Kashmir

hmir Monday to visit the chief minister, Sheikh Mohammad Abdullah, who suffered a heart attack Sunday. Doctors said the condition of the 76-year-old politician, who has been dubbed "the lion of Kashmir", was causing grave concern. The Press Trust of India (PTI) news agency, reporting from the state capital of Srinagar, said Mrs. Gandhi looked grim as she left the chief minister's bouse after a 20-minute visit to his

French police expert

posal expert Bernard Mauron. died during Sunday night from injuries he received while trying to disarm an explosive device in from of the bome of a U.S. embassy official last month, police said. Another officer was killed when the bomb exploded in a residential district near the Eiffel tower on August 21.

UNITA claims

The convention is in effect a bill

since China already adhered to the spirit of the convention. Most of China's refugees are

The spokeswoman said most of them had now been settled on state farms in southern China and the flow of new arrivals had red-

Mubarak in Belgrade to open old link

BELGRADE (R) — Yugoslavia and Egypt will revive a tradition of bilateral summit meetings when Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak arrives in Belgrade for three days of talks with Yugoslav leaders, the first discussions at that level of six years. The two countries have had

close contacts since the 1950s when presidents Tito and Nasser were key figures in forming the Non-Aligned Movement. The two leaders met regularly about twice a year. President Nasser died in 1970

and in 1976 Anwar Sadat, accompanied by Mr. Mubarak who was then vice-president, visited President Tito in Belgrade.

President Mubarak and President Petar Stambolic are expected to give much of their attention to the Middle East. Mr. Mubarak is certain to brief the Yugoslav leader on his talks with U.S. Defence Secretary Caspar Weinberger on the American peace proposals for the Middle

Yugoslavia reacted cooly to Egypt's signing of the Camp David peace treaty with Israel in 1979, insisting that the Middle East crisis could only be resolved through an overall solution to the Palestinian problem.

After the death of President Tito in 1980, the two countries began moving cautiously towards each other again, exchanging unpublicised medium-level visits.

The meetings this week may signify a turning point in that process, informed sources said. During the talks, the two leaders will also discuss bilateral affairs and may sign a military cooperation agreement. A military deal would be likely to involve the sale of Yngoslav arms to Egypt.

China to sign U.N. refugee convention

PEKING (R) - China is to become the second Communist country to sign a United Nations convention protecting the rights of refugees, a spokeswoman for the

The only Communist country to have signed the convention so far is Yugoslavia. Only two other Asian countries, the Philippines and Japan, have signed it. normalisation of relations with the

country from which they fled. The spokeswoman said the sig-ning would not make any difference to the 265,000 refugees who fled to China from Vietnam and Laos over the past four years,

ethnic Chinese from Vietnam who crossed over between 1978 and 1980 after relations between the two former allies deteriorated and brought Peking and Hanoi to the hrink of war. Many were driven from their homes by the Vietnamese.

Chinese Communist Party okays new constitution banning personality cults

PEKING (R) — China's Com- abolishing the post of chairman, munist Party Monday approved a new constitution explicitly banning all forms of personality cult like that which surrounded Mao Tsetung in his last years.

Official spokesman Zhn Muzhi said the text of the party constitution was passed at a plenary session of the organisation's 12th national congress. He told a press conference the

revised constitution erased leftist mistakes included in the last charter promulgated in 1977, the year after Mao died. The new document forbids all forms of personality cult and lays

evant party committees, Mr. Zhu The news followed Sunday's announcement that the party was

By Michael Rank

PEKING (R) -- The current Chi-

nese Communist Party congress is

a carefully stage-managed affair

but the veil of secrecy which sur-

rounded the last such meeting has

been partially lifted this time.

G'olivier ?

RY CHARLES H. GOBEN

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North-South vulnerable.

South deals.

NORTH

♥ 843

+J1064

down that important matters must

be discussed and decided by rel-

created for Mao in 1945 and for three decades synonymous with

Diplomatic experts said the latest development marked another decisive step in erasing the Maoist

"It is now clear they have gone for a policy of collective leaone Peking diplomat said. "Under this constitution, no one will ever wield the power of Mao Tsetung."

Mr. Zhu said the new constitution provided for a central advisory committee, which would include ageing but respected party leaders who had decided to make

way for younger men This "council of elders" is seen as a face-saving device created by party strongman Deng Xiaoping, 78, to encourage old rev-

olutionaries to relinquish their politburo and central committee

Mr. Deng is expected to be ele-cted to the committee by the con-gress later this week. But unlike committee colleagues, he is expected to continue to wield real

Mr. Deng, who has already placed proteges in most key spots in party and government, has up till now remained chairman of the party's central military commission which exercises political control over the fonrmillion-strong People's Lib-

eration Army. There had been speculation that the committee would be dissolved and the civilian overseeing role given to a government body.

But Mr. Zhu said the commission would stay.

take a break

MANILA (R) - President Ferdinand Marcos said Monday be might take a month-long rest later this year, during which the country would be run by a year-old exe-

Mr. Marcos told a news conference he had asked his ruling New Society Movement wbether it would allow him to rest for about six months, so that the executive committee, led by Prime Minister Cesar Virata, could take over for a while.

In an informal chat with newsmen after the news conference, he amended the initial period for the temporary handover to one month instead of six and said he might try it during October or November this year.

near Bombay, replacing the United States, which stopped shipments because India would not allow full-international inspection of all its nuclear facilities. Last Monday, a French delegation which was to have dis-

cussed commercial and financial chairman Homi Sethna. Pakistan to reopen stalled

French team off to India

for nuclear fuel discussion

issue.

and other issues expected to come up at the United Nations General Assembly session beginning later

spokesman said Sunday. He said Foreign Secretary Niaz Ahmed Naik would meet Soviet Deputy Foreign Minister Nikolai Firyubin on Wednesday and Thu-

Mr. Naik said last week that Moscow had softened its attitude

He said the change had been

Afghanistan in Geneva last June.

Smuggled weapons seized

QUETTA, Pakistan (R) - Police have seized a large quantity of weapons and ammunition des-

orters that six men, believed to be members of an international arms smuggling ring, were arrested durmg the seizure Sunday night near the Afghanistan border.

The weapons included Chinese-made Sten guns, Russian Kalashnikov automatic rifles, rocket launchers, rockets, anti-tank mines and thousands of hullets.

The spokesman said the weapons were in two trucks stopped by a police patrol near Khanuzai, bout 110 kilometres east of the Afghan border in Pakistan's Baluchistan province.

One truck tried to outrace the patrol and was stopped only after hazardous two and half hour chase through rough mountain roads in the area.

The spokesman said the trucks

were heading for a rendezvous on the border where camel and donkey trains would have taken the weapons into Afghanistan.

Future course of The Netherlands hinges on a few thousand voters

few thousand votes in Dutch general elections this week may determine whether The Netherlands gets a centre-right government dedicated to economic reform or is plunged into protracted political wrangling.

The two key issues in the election, economic policy and the placing of NATO nuclear missiles on Dutch soil, have deeply divided the right and centre-right parties from the left-wing Labour Party. Opinion polls have shown a strong swing to the right over rec-

ent months indicating the election could result in a coalition of the centre-right Christian Democrats (CDA) and right-wing Liberals (VVD). Such a coalition might also include the centrist Democrats 66 Party.

some recovery by Labour, which appears within a small margin of taking over from the CDA as the top vote-getting party. If Labour does manage this, political analysts say it might not be possible under the conventions of Dutch politics to exclude it from government. But they add that finding agrgramme between Labour and the other major parties would be a difficult task.

have a major impact on the aftermath of the election on Wed-The CDA and the Liberal

Party, which has enjoyed major gains in popularity this year, have proposed similar remedies for some worsening economic pro-hlems gripping The Netherlands. Both advocate major cuts in government spending to reduce a

NEWS ANALYSIS

record official deficit of some 10.5 per cent of national income this year to around five per cent by

fall on The Netberlands' generous . and deeply entrenched social security system.

The CDA and Liberals also say they are aiming for industrial rec-

Democrats 66 proposes a sim-

Labour, which wants to put the emphasis on fighting unemployment, partly through cutting working bours. It is anxious to protect the social security system and says it is not aiming at red-

ucing the government deficit. Labour caused the latest elections when it resigned in May from the previous coalition of the CDA, Labour and Democrats 66 in opposition to proposed spe-

The divisions are equally deep

on nuclear Cruise missiles, which

NATO wants The Netherlands to accept as a counter to Soviet SS-20s. The Dutch government, whose attitude may influence neighbouring countries, has so far avoided taking a decision on whether to accept the missiles. Labour has said a flat no to the

weapons. The Liberals have said they will accept them, while both the CDA and Democrats 66 have said a decision should depend on the outcome of East-West arms talks in Geneva. Political sources say leading

CDA politicians, including Prime Minister Dries van Agt, are likely to favour siting the weapons here. I used to a trickle.

rations deep inside the west Afr-Peking office of the U.N. High ican state. Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) said Monday. She said China had announced its intention to accede to the coneement on a compromise proilar approach, although some of its vention in a resolution passed recpolicies, particularly on spending ently by the standing committee of cuts, appear less severe than those the national people's congress, of the other two parties. China's parliament, with two or A tiny swing in votes which put Labour ahead of CDA could thus three minor reservations of a legal Many of these proposals horrify

of rights for refugees, gua-ranteeing them the right to work. access to the courts and the freedom not to be sent back to the

0 K 93 +KQ7 EAST ♥AKQJ72 ♥1096 ♦ AQ84 ♦ J762 **+** 104 **4 13** SOUTH AK85 ♥ 5 ♦ 105 **♣** A98652 The hidding: South West North East 1 ♦ 4 ♥ Pass Pasa 4 + Pass Pasa Pass Opening lead: King of ♡.

Bridge experts are not by nature philanthropists at the table. Thus, if one of them presents you with the gift of a trick, examine it carefully - it could be tainted! Sitting South was one of the world's great players.

George Rapee of New York. Although he did not hold much in the way of high cards, he did have distributional values, so he refused to let West huy the hand with his preempt.

Against four spades, West led the king of hearts and rnalists monitored events by watching the unusual number of limousines outside the Great Hall of the People where the meeting was

proceedings.

By tonight the government will have held three briefings for foreign correspondents and, although officials tend to turn away

GOREN BRIDGE

Western press.

continued with the jack, ruff-

ed by declarer. Weat's

preempt made it likely that

at least one of the black auits

would break badly. When

declarer led the ace of snades

and West produced the nine,

a 4-1 trump distribution

It was tempting to enter

dummy with a club to take

the trump finesse, but Rapee realized that, even if the

finesse won, the contract

would be defeated, for there

would be no way to draw the

fourth trump and then run

clubs. So Rapee decided that

his best shut was to give East

the opportunity to go wrong.

He continued with the eight

East could not resist grab-

hing the queen, and contract

was safe. Declarer ruffed the

heart return with his king.

crossed to dummy with a

high club to draw the remain-

ing trumps with the jack-ten.

and now declarer had

nothing left hut good clubs:

The contract would have

failed if East had refused to

take his queen of spades.

East aimply ruffs the third

duh and returns a heart. If

declarer still holds the king

of spades, he cannot afford to

ruff this trick, so the

defenders eventually emerge

with two heart tricks, the ace

of diamonds and a club ruff

making five-oddl

-down nne. .

nf spades from hand!

became likely.

to respond to the needs of the

day it opened on September 1. But, as in 1977, no foreigners have been invited to observe the

When the party held its preheld. This time, however, the date of the congress was announced three

weeks in advance and extracts from speeches made at the congress became available from the

questions, most journalists feel China has at least made an effort

vious congress in 1977, the fact that it had even taken place was not formally announced until it play by its own rules. was over. Foreign diplomats and jou-

China's 12th party congress less esoteric than earlier ones

him until his death in 1976.

Li was quoted as saying that the

did the New China News Agency

racts from a report by Chairman congress with film of smiling central Asian nomads trudging over snow-covered mountains to listen

nsistor radios, and of Shanghai

factory workers heralding it with

Australia to

immigration

CANBERRA (R) - Australia

has announced it will impose new

measures to crack down on an est-

imated 50,000 illegal immigrants.

40,000 of the illegal immigrants

are working and taking jobs which

could be occupied by unemployed

Australians. Official figures show

unemployment now stands at 6.6

per cent of the full-time wor-kforce, the highest rate for 30

years, and the number is forecast

Announcing the new measures

in a statement Sunday Imm-

igration Minister John Hodges

said: "The government is det-

ermined to eradicate an illegal

workforce which takes the jobs of

Australians and genuine migrants

Officials believe the single hig-

gest group of illegal immigrants

comes from Europe, more than

half of them from Britain, and that

the second biggest group is Asi-

Among the measures ann-

ounced hy Mr. Hodges were a sub-

stantial increase in deportations to

discourage other illegal workers

and prosecution of those involved

in belong people to stay here ill-

and involves breaches of the law."

to increase.

The government believes

curb illegal

But China is continuing to hold googs and cymbals. its cards close to its chest and to Rumours had been in the air for national unity, despite frequent some months that the congress admissions in the press that cynicism is widespread and con-

was likely to abolish the party chairmanship, which was specially fidence in the party is at a low ehh. created for Mao Tsetung in 1945 and remained synonymous with Last month Vice-Premier Wan

congress would do away with the post in a further blow to Mao's But Mr. Wan's remarks did not appear in the Chinese press, and not until almost three weeks later

(NCNA) finally confirm Sunday that the chairmanship would go. This is likely to be the most important decision of the congress but the NCNA saved the news until last in its long series of ext-

Peking television covered the to news of the meeting on tra-

the latter half of the 1960s. thought." Such views, now condemned as

ultra-leftist, had not yet been totally repudiated when the last congress was held one year after Mao's death and when China was only beginning to shake off Mao-

Despite the problems of reporting the congress, the current meeting is being beld in a much more open atmosphere than four many years, in strong contrast with that prevailing under the Cultural Revolution which began in

In those days, virtually all information was regarded as a state secret and newspapers were devoted almost entirely to extolling the wonders of "Mao Tset ung

Although facts are still at a premium in China, much more

talks with Soviet Union ISLAMABAD (R) - A senior the Soviet-backed government in Pakistani official will visit Moscow neighbouring Afghanistan. this week for talks on Afghanistan A police spokesman told rep

this month, a foreign ministry

rsday for talks which will also cover trade and industrial cooperation

towards Pakistan on the Afghan

seen after U.N.-sponsored indirect talks between Pakistan and

nformation is available now than tined for guerrilla groups fighting

By Peter Calvert

AMSTERDAM — A swing of a

But the latest polls pointed to

Many of the cuts would have to

overy and the curbing of The Netberlands' record unemployment levels, now around 12 per cent of the workforce, through tough wage restraint policies and some tax concessions to industry.

هكذا من النصل

NEW DELHI (R) — Prime Min-ister Indira Gandhi flew in Kas-

Old wounds kill

PARIS (R) - Police bomb dis-

considerable gains LISBON (R) - UNITA, the main

guerrilla force fighting the Ang-

olan government, said Monday it

had killed nearly 700 soldiers and

captured a large quantity of arms

and ammunition in various ope-

Nixon off to China TOKYO (R) - Former U.S. President Richard Nixon left Monday for China after a four-day visit it Japan during which he conferred with current and former Japanese government leaders. Mr. Nixor has been invited by the Chinese government for a belated commemoration of his February 1972

visit, which paved the way for the

United States. 1979 ruling on Minamata case

ruling that two former chemica company executives were res ponsible for the deaths of text people from mercury poisoning caused by waste from a compan plant. The decision confirmed sen tences of two years jail, suspende for three, on Kiichi Yoshioka, 81 former president of Chisso Cor poration, and Eiichi Nishida, 72 the company's ex-plant director A total of 1,850 people, including 521 who died, are officially listed as victims of the poisoning, known as Minamata disease, first brough to official attention 26 years ago.

upheld in Japan

FUKUOKA, Japan (R) - Th high court Monday upheld a 197